THE DAILY GAZETTE:
PUBLISHED BY
KING, REED & CO.,
Corner Sixth Ave. and Smithfield St.
JOSIAH KING, R. P. REED,
T. P. HOUSTON, H. M. LONG.
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.
TERMS OF THE DAILY:
By mail, per year.....$10.00

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

EUROPE.

The Civil War.

THE END NOT YET

Preparing for the Attack.

VANVRES ATTACKED.

Montrouge Fallen.

CLICHY OCCUPIED

The Great Explosion.

DISCONTENT AMONG PARISIANS.

FRANCE.

THE FATAL EXPLOSION.

NEW YORK, May 19.—A dispatch from Paris last evening says the loss of life by the explosion of the cartridge factory in the avenue of Bapp and Champs de Mars was mainly among the women and children. The consternation was felt throughout the city, and caused the greatest consternation. Thousands rushed in the direction of the columns of white smoke, and the entire population, who seemed to be on the streets, were filled with amazement. Terror and curiosity was the most indescribable scene of confusion, excitement and terror ensued. At half-past six o'clock in the evening a force of cavalry was ordered to disperse the crowd from the vicinity, as there are several other magazines in the neighborhood, and it was feared that the fire from the explosion would be unable to arrest the flames, and that they too would explode.

PANIC AMONG THE TROOPS.

All traffic on the bridges has been stopped, and there is a panic among the troops.

STREET CARS.

A requisition has been made upon all street cars.

WHOSE WORK IT WAS.

A later dispatch this morning from the same source, Public Opinion this morning officially declares that the explosion of the cartridge factory on the avenue Rapp was the work of the Versailles Government.

A STRANGE STORY

is in circulation to the effect that Captain Debiaine found in the pocket of the wife of a gen'd'arme a plan of the cartridge factory, and also a plan of Paris prepared by Trochu.

ARRESTED.

Four persons have been arrested on suspicion.

The deserters from the army of Versailles had returned to the interior of the city, coming from "Eovil Militaire," where they have been confined.

MANGLED REMAINS.

The mangled remains of the victims of the explosion were exhibited yesterday in the Church of St. Pierre outside the railing. An immense crowd assembled inside the edifice, including a large band of National Guards. The whole was shocked, frank, conversed and hanged, as if they were at the Jardin Mabille.

LESS THAN EXPECTED.

The number of persons killed by the explosion is less than expected. Two women had left the building fifteen minutes before the catastrophe took place.

AMERICANS INJURED.

An attache of the American legation was blown into the air by the explosion, but was not seriously injured.

ASCENSION DAY.

Yesterday being the fete of the ascension, large crowds visited the Place Vendome and the Tuileries, where there was a promenade concert.

MOVEMENTS OF GAMBON.

M. Gambon, a member of the Committee on Public Safety, joined the ranks of Versailles, who are menacing and discontented. Should they go so far as to openly declare against the Commune they will give considerable trouble, as they are well armed and organized.

DISCONTENTED INHABITANTS.

The inhabitants of the Faubourg and St. Antoine, who were among the most energetic astic supporters of the Commune, are in want of work, as they can no longer obtain it because of the insurrection, they also are discontented and the quarter in which they live is assuming a disquieting aspect.

VERSAILLISTS RECONNOITERING.

A heavy firing from Fort Bicetre this morning was caused by the appearance of a reconnoitering party of sergeants belonging to the Versaillist government, who were driven off by the guns of the Fort.

THE ATTACK RENEWED.

A serious attack upon the ramparts of Paris is believed to be imminent. There are now Versaillist troops in the Bois de Boulogne, who are pushing forward their parallels with great vigor.

CLICHY OCCUPIED.

LONDON, May 19.—A *Daily News* special from Paris reports that the Versaillists have occupied Clichy, and that a sharp engagement has been fought at Asnieres.

VERSAILLISTS REPULSED.

It is rumored that the Versailles troops attempted to storm the Banphine gate of Paris, but were repulsed.

FAVRE TO BE REMOVED.

A Paris journal says Due de Broglie will replace Favre as Minister of Foreign Affairs after the ratification of the treaty of peace.

STOPPING CHURCH SERVICES.

A *Times* special dispatch says that the National Guards have stopped service in St. Augustine and Trinite Churches and have turned the Sisters of Mercy out of their convent.

A VICTORY.

The Federalists have been defeated by the Versaillist troops in the Zoological Gardens.

THE PRUSSIANS

are near the Confians L'Archerique in the Department of the Seine.

ARRESTS.

Many arrests have been made of prostitutes and drunkards.

SACRILEGE.

A requisition has been made for the silver candlesticks in the Cathedral of Notre Dame.

PASSPORTS.

Persons without passports are prevented from leaving the city.

DETERMINED.

The Committee of Safety is determined to raze Paris to the ground rather than surrender. There is a heavy cannonade from the southwest side of the Enciente this morning.

THE COMMITTEE OF SAFETY.

PARIS, May 19.—The Committee of Safety have decreed the suppression of the *Revue Des Deux-Mondes, agoair National, Patrie, Commune, Justice* and five other journals. No new journals are to be established until the civil war is over. Writers making use of their articles and are liable to trial by Court Martial and punishment for articles on the government officers who neglect to obey orders are warned that they will be considered guilty of treason.

M'MAHON'S ORDERS.

VERSAILLES, May 19.—Marshal MacMahon, in general orders read to the army to-day, tells the soldiers that the rebels have destroyed the monument in the Place Vendome, which they foreign enemies had left undisturbed, and exhorts them to redouble their efforts to preserve the country and its glorious memories.

A REIGN OF TERROR.

LONDON, May 19.—All special dispatches to the London journals concur in representing that a reign of terror prevails in Paris. Many eminent citizens are daily imprisoned and the lives of those held as hostages are denied of. Twenty members of the Commune no longer attend its sittings, but remain in their respective arond-issements. Four hundred Versaillists are said to have deserted yesterday. Batteries have been established on Dauphin Gate, which has been strongly fortified with earth works and new barricades.

COMMUNE DOINGS.

PARIS, May 16.—The Commune claims that its forces recaptured Lycie Issy yesterday and that the Versaillists have been driven from Nanvres. Count Ladislas Seamoyski have been arrested. It is rumored that he is compromised in the plot for the explosion in avenue Trocadero.

BRILLIANT VERSAILLES VICTORY.

VERSAILLES, May 19.—Two battalions of the Government troops on Thursday carried at the point of the bayonet two positions near Montrouge, killing and wounding four hundred insurgents. The places occupied were afterwards evacuated because of its exposure to the fire of the enemy's heavy guns.

AN ATTACK ON VANVRES.

An attack by the Versailles troops on the village of Vanvres was also repulsed, and the Versaillists were beaten in the Bois de Boulogne and before the Maillot gate. The latter has been destroyed. The Versailles flag floats over Vanvres.

ARMISTICE DEMANDED.

PARIS, May 9, via LONDON, Midnight.—The Germans demand that an armistice be arranged between the two opposing forces around Paris, to enable in the taking of the plebiscitum throughout France and to decide the future form of government and bring the struggle to a close.

SACRED ARTICLES SEIZED.

Officers of the Commune have seized valuable sacred articles in the Church Trinity. All churches in the city will be similarly dealt with and then closed.

COURT OF IMPEACHMENT.

A court of impeachment was opened to-day to select hostages upon whom to execute retaliatory measures determined upon by the Commune.

GOVERNMENT FORCES REPULSED.

The Communists claim that they repulsed yesterday and to-day the attacks of the Government forces at Nailly, Clechy, Issy and Vanvres.

MONTROUGE ATTACKED.

LONDON, May 19.—A dispatch from Paris of the 18th says the Versaillists attacked Fort Montrouge on that day. A reinforcement reached the garrison while the fighting was in progress, and the attack was not only repulsed but several cannon were captured by the federals.

DEMOLITION COMMENCED.

The demolition of the famous Chapel of Expiation, in Au d'Anjou St. Honore, has been commenced.

ENGLAND.

THE HOUSE OF LORDS.

LONDON, May 19.—In the House of Lords, Earl Russell consented to the postponement of the discussion on the American treaty until the 30th of June, to await the arrival of the official papers.

THE COMMONS.

In the House of Commons this evening, Mr. Martin resumed his speech against the Government's Irish policy. He condemned the suspension of the operation of the writ of habeas corpus. He argued there was more crime in Lancashire than in Westmeath, yet the suspension of the writ in England was not dreamed of. A general debate followed.

ARRIVED.

LONDON, May 19.—Her Majesty's steam frigate Galatia, Captain His Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh, has arrived in English waters from a trip around the world.

LIVERPOOL, May 19.—The steamships Java and City of Washington arrived. The Thuringia touched at Plymouth and the India at Moville.

GERMANY.

EXCHANGING RATIFICATIONS.

BERLIN, May 19.—Bismarck leaves to-day for Frankfort, where he will meet Favre and Pauyer Quertier for the purpose of exchanging ratifications of the treaty of peace.

POSTAL TREATIES.

BERLIN, May 19.—The German Parliament has agreed to add additional clauses to the postal treaties of 1867, and 1870 between Germany and the United States.

TURKEY.

TROOPS CONCENTRATED.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 19.—A force of fifty thousand Turkish troops has recently been concentrated at Shumla on the main route between Wallachia and Constantinopole.

SWITZERLAND.

RINDERPEST.

BERNE, May 19.—Austria has proposed, and Switzerland agreed to, a conference to take measures to prevent the spread of the rinderpest.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, May 19, 4:30 p. m.—Consols 93¼. Bonds steady; 5-20s of '62, 90½; do '65, 90¾; do '67, 92½; 10-40s, 89¾.

MANCHESTER, May 19.—Market dull.

LIVERPOOL, May 19.—Cotton quiet; middling upland 7¾d. California wheat 12s 4d; spring 11s 3d@11s 4d.

NEW YORK.

The Mining Troubles—Not Enough Jurors—Oh, George—A Mystery Solved—Steamboats Arrived.

NEW YORK, May 19, 1871.

THE MINING TROUBLES.

A special correspondent telegraphed last night from Scranton, that W. W. Scranton, the chief actor in the Briggs' shaft resumption drama was arrested yesterday morning, and brought before Alderman Jones. The Hyde Park miners are beginning to think that the corporation magnates are really amenable to law, and they could not object to a reckoning. The charge against this young man makes him accessory before the fact in the murder of Benj. Davis and David T. Jones. His advent to the Alderman's office was quite an exciting event—he was accompanied by "half a dozen" railroad magnates, and escorted by soldiers without uniforms. His counsel waived an examination, when the Alderman immediately wrote out a committal sending him to the county jail. The party were in a special train to Wilkesbarre, obtained a hearing before Judge Dana, and entered bail to the amount of $15,000 for the appearance at the next term of Court. The arrest and consequent proceedings were a rich treat to the miners, as including in the affair were some poetic justice to a high degree. One of the special deputies sworn in by Scranton had been discharged by him a few days ago, in a very saucastic manner, and this constable took an especial pleasure in showing how the tables had turned. The people, although much excited, have been well disposed toward the laborers working at Briggs' shaft, and had not mistaken Scranton, and the Hyde Park miners will vote for or against resumption to-day. The prospects for work are favorable.

A MYSTERY SOLVED.

The mystery surrounding the suicide of a lady at the Stevens House, on April 29th, has been cleared up. Miss Julia Fitzgerald, employed in a Broadway store, saw the satchel of the deceased marked K. H. Harrington, and recognized it as belonging to her friend, Mrs. K. E. Harrington, whose maiden name was Eliza B. Selden, niece of Lieutenant-Governor Selden and General Cass. She went on the stage when young and married Andrew Harrington, who became a gambler and deserted her three years ago, and is thought to be in New Orleans. Mrs. South, of Mulberry, Ohio, read an account of the suicide, and has written to the proprietor of the Stevens House, stating she believes the woman to be Miss Seiden.

OH, GEORGE!

Emma Clause, aged 16, died to-day from a pistol shot wound inflicted by herself. Yesterday was to have been her wedding day; Emma, her parents and friends were to meet in the Church of the Redemption awaiting the arrival of the expected bridegroom, George Reed. He failed to come, and the bride relatives and friends returned home. The young girl, overcome with grief, admitted that Reed had seduced her under promise of marriage. She requested to be left alone, and soon afterwards the report of a pistol shot was heard. The parents rushed to her room and found she had shot herself in the breast. A warrant has been issued for Reed. Look out George!

NOT ENOUGH.

The new panel of 200 jurors in the Foster trial has been exhausted to-day without obtaining the remaining juror as required. Another panel of 350 jurors has been ordered for Monday next.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

The steamers Weser, Morro Castle, Australia, New York and Denmark have arrived.

CINCINNATI

The Dayton Short Line.

CINCINNATI, May 19.—Contracts for building the Springfield & Cincinnati Railroad, known as the Dayton Short Line, were awarded to-day, as follows: Cincinnati to Middletown, earthwork, Snell, Denton & Co.; masonry, Bates & Bates; Middletown to Dayton, earthwork, Wm. B. Chamberlrin, of Hannibal, Missouri; masonry, Jas. Hamilton & Bro., of Piqua, Ohio; trestling, Wm. B. Chamberlain. Steel rails will be used. The work will commence in three days. The track is to be ready for the rails by February first, next year, and for the cars the first of the following April. All the rest except the freight depots has been procured at an expense of $384,000. Walnut Hills depot will be used jointly between the Indianapolis, Cincinnati & Lafayette, Marietta & Cincinnati Railroads, and the new road.

REVENUE CASE.

The Government of the United States against J. B. Wright, ex-Collector of the Cincinnati District, and his sureties, was decided to-day in favor of the defendants. Judge Swayne held that on his official bond the Government could not recover for acts done by Wright after his successor, Frizzell, had qualified for the office. Though this decision might have directed the former to consider the latter's official acts as his own positive. Though this determines the case on the official bond there is another suit pending against the estate of Wright individually for the recovery of the amount involved.

MEXICO.

More Revolution.

CITY OF MEXICO, May 12.—Tampico continues in a state of revolution. The town is defended by a force of four hundred men who have had several fights with the Federal troops outside the walls. General Rocha Escobido's right hand man has left San Luis Potosi for Tampico professedly to suppress the revolution, but is suspected of an intension to assist the revolution in favor of Lerdo and to obtain the command of the Federals, also to aid in an effort now making to corrupt and divide the army.

ELECTION.

It is believed there will be no Presidential election by the people, and that the choice of President will devolve upon Congress, which it is expected will be largely composed of partisans of Lerdo. Jaurez is using the public funds, and Lerdo his own private funds to accomplish the purpose of the Presidential campaign. Whoever may be elected, his opponent will inaugurate a revolution and assume the Presidency by force of arms. The friends of Porfiero Diaz are powerless. Samaona is their leader, and he is handling the party in favor of Lerdo.

INDIANAPOLIS.

The Editorial Convention.

INDIANAPOLIS, May 19.—The Editorial Association by invitation of the officers of the Indianapolis, Vandalia and St. Louis Rail Road left this morning at 8 o'clock on an excursion to the Clay Company Coal fields. The excursion train was in charge of Maj. J. E. Simpson Assistant Superintendent and H. W. Hibbard General Passenger Agent and consisted of nine fine passenger coaches well filled. The first point of interest passed was the nail works at Greencastle and the Knightsville furnace at which point they were met by another excursion train with the President and General Superintendent and a number of citizens of Terre Haute making a party of our 200 from thence through the numerous coal mines, arriving at Brazil at 2 o'clock. At the latter place the citizens entertained the guests with a sumptuous dinner, after which an address of welcome on behalf of the citizens of Brazil was made by Rev. M. Taggart and responded to by the President of the Association.

Destructive Fire.

ALEXANDRIA, Va., May 19.—The Market building, with two adjoining houses, was burned this morning. In the building were the Mayor's office, Council Chamber, auditor's and other municipal offices, the Alexandria and Washington Masonic Lodge rooms and also an old museum containing many interesting relics, all of which were destroyed. The archives of the Corporation were saved. The loss is estimated at from $50,000 to $75,000. Insurance $10,000.

A Tornado.

RICHMOND, May 19.—A violent tornado and hail storm passed over a belt of land one mile wide in New Kent county. Trees and houses were blown down and persons in the road were knocked senseless by hail stones. The hail was found in some places nine inches deep. The crops are entirely destroyed. Four years ago a similar tornado passed over the same belt of land.

U. S. SENATE.

EXTRA SESSION.

WASHINGTON, May 19, 1870.

U. S. SENATE.

The Senate met at ten o'clock this morning. Not more than twenty-four members were present at the opening proceedings.

Mr. HARLAN remarked that it appeared from the decision of yesterday and the day before, that a certain advance of copies of what was purported to be the treaty of Washington, were communicated to the members of the Senate before the official document was communicated to this body on the 10th inst.

The Vice-President reminded the Senator that the Senate had not yet promulgated the fact that any such treaty had been communicated to the Senate.

Mr. HARLAN begged pardon, for he thought that the Senate had by its recent proceedings so declared.

Mr. SUMNER said the resolutions adopted yesterday in open Senate were advertised to the world, and that the Senate had in its possession an official copy of the treaty.

Mr. HARLAN remarked that it had been stated in debate that certain papers had been privately communicated in a limited number to Senators, that the text of these papers was similar to the papers printed in the confidence of the Senate. It was also stated that the Assistant Secretary of State had informed the Select Committee of the exact number of copies printed by the Department of State and was able to account for the disposition of each of them. It was also said by members of the Committee on Investigation that if they were permitted to proceed in the time they had adopted, the disclosure of the document would be traced to certain members of the Senate. He supposed that every one knew that the Committee on Foreign Relations are on confidential terms with the State Department; and that if any of the Senators had copies, the members of that Committee were furnished with them. They all concurred with him in the opinion that it would be proper to call each Senator who was supposed to have had an advanced copy of the paper, that he might be examined before the Committee. He made this suggestion in order to relieve delicacy of any Senator in the matter. The members of that Committee, so far as he had conferred with them, regarded this as a thing proper to be done.

Mr. MORRILL, of Maine, suggested that there were several other copies furnished outside of those placed in the hands of members of the Committee on Investigations, therefore the examination should be extended to all the Senators who had obtained advance copies.

Several voices—"Certainly that should be done."

Mr. FENTON said, "I am glad my friend from Iowa, Mr. Harlan, has made the request that those Senators on the floor having received an advance copy of the Treaty of Washington should be examined by the Investicating Committee. I am glad that the investigation so affords one an opportunity to make a statement, and I suggest for myself, and so far as I have a right to speak for them, that every member of the Senate may appear before this Committee, that he will be sworn. I read from the *Patriot* of this city, in an article referring to this investigation, as follows: 'During the last two days Mr. Roberts, Carpenter and Conkling have been bold in declaring that if the Senate would insist upon its rights and exercise its authority the Committee would fasten the responsibility upon a Senator, and they have not hesitated in a semi-public manner to point out Mr. Ford Benton, saying in the language of Nathan to David: "Thou art the man." In the Middle Senator from New York, or the Senator from Wisconsin, were present I would ask them to state to the Senate whether or not, in an official, official, or any other manner, they had made statements or insinuations that would warrant such a statement? Even though they are out of their seats at this moment, I cannot allow the occasion to pass without saying in the words I will simply state some facts. I arrived here on Wednesday, the 10th instant. I was followed by a Middle Senator from New York, or the Senator from Wisconsin, were present I would ask them to state to the Senate whether or not, in an official, official, or any other manner, they had made statements or insinuations that would warrant such a statement? Even though they are out of their seats at this moment, I cannot allow the occasion to pass without saying in the words I will simply state some facts. I arrived here on Wednesday, the 10th instant. I was followed by a Middle Senator by the charge against this young man makes him accessory before the fact in the murder of Benj. Davis and David T. Jones. His advent to the Alderman's office was quite an exciting event—he was accompanied by "half a dozen" railroad magnates, and escorted by soldiers without uniforms. His counsel waived an examination, when the Alderman immediately wrote out a committal sending him to the county jail. The party were in a special train to Wilkesbarre, obtained a hearing before Judge Dana, and entered bail to the amount of $15,000 for the appearance at the next term of Court. The arrest and consequent proceedings were a rich treat to the miners, as including in the affair were some poetic justice to a high degree. One of the special deputies sworn in by Scranton had been discharged by him a few days ago, in a very sarcastic manner, and this constable took an especial pleasure in showing how the tables had turned. The people, although much excited, have been well disposed toward the laborers working at Briggs' shaft, and had not mistaken Scranton, and the Hyde Park miners will vote for or against resumption to-day. The prospects for work are favorable.

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SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK.

HARRISBURG.

State Legislature.

THE PHILADELPHIA REGISTRY.

EXTRA PAY.

Grading of Federal Street.

CUMULATIVE VOTING

House and Senate Bills Passed

[Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HARRISBURG, May 19, 1871.

SENATE.

The Senate occupied all the morning on the Philadelphia Registry amendment, which passed again by a party vote.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

OIL BILL.

Mr. GRAHAM called up the Senate bill incorporating the Lubricating Oil Company of Alladdin borough.

Mr. RANDALL objected, pronouncing it a general pipe bill. It passed.

BILLS PASSED.

The following House bills passed:

Supplement for the Federal Insurance Company.

Incorporating the South Pittsburgh Inclined Plane Company.

EXTRA PAY.

Mr. BUCKALEW called up the House joint resolution giving members of the legislature ten dollars per day extra since April 7th.

Messrs. BUTLER, EVANS and BILLINGFELT opposed.

Messrs. RANDALL and WALLACE sustained the bill, which was passed.

Yeas—Albright, Brodhead, Buckalew, Connell, Crawford, Davis, Dechert, Delamater, Dill, Duncan, Dunning, Fulton, Gilkeson, Hall, Hay, Hopkins, Kaine, Kirkpatrick, Lowe and Robbins, Magee, Mann, Mylin, Nagle, Petriken, Randall, Wallace—17.

Nays—Allen, Billingfelt, Brooke, Evans, Graham, Knight, Osterhout, Turner, Rutan, Wharton, White—11.

Absent—Anderson, Findlay and Olmstead.

Not Voting—Kerr and Furman.

HOUSE.

GRADING FEDERAL STREET.

Mr. WARNER introduced and had passed the bill relative to the opening and grading of Federal street, Allegheny city.

On motion of Mr. HUMPHREYS the House non-concurred in the Senate amendments to the bituminous coal investigation bill, and a committee of conference was ordered.

BILLS PASSED.

The following House bills passed:

Authorizing the Sharpsburg special tax for erecting a lock-up house.

Allowing mileage to Clarion county commissioners.

Supplement for the Chartiers Cemetery Company, which enlarges the grounds.

BILLS PASSED.

The following House bills passed:

Protecting game and fish on private property in Westmoreland county.

Appropriating fifty thousand dollars to pay the expenses of delegates from different States to arrange for the Philadelphia Centennial celebration.

Authorizing McKeesport borough to compromise with the holders of bonds issued in payment of its subscription to the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company.

Messrs. PUTNEY and SCHNATTERLY objected off the House bill prohibiting fishing in dams or baskets in the Allegheny, Monongahela and Youghiogheny rivers and tributaries.

OBJECTED.

Messrs. CLOUD and WILLIAMS objected off the House Bill prohibiting the sale of liquor in Uniontown or within six miles thereof.

Messrs. FETTER and WOOLEVER objected off the House Bills increasing the compensation of Allegheny county election officers and incorporating the Mansfield Savings Bank of Allegheny county.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The following Senate bills passed:

Authorizing the Allegheny County Treasurer to pay road and county tax of the late townships of Pitt, Collins, Peebles, Liberty and Oakland to the treasurer of the Central Board of Education of Pittsburgh, and the Treasurer of the late Oakland township to settle with the Oakland School Board.

Authorizing a school tax in McKeesport.

Authorizing the surrendering of the Monongahela turnpike to Pittsburgh.

Authorizing the Pittsburgh & Ormsby Passenger Railroad to have viewers appointed to fix compensation for property taken by the Company.

Incorporating the Home Savings Bank of Pittsburgh.

Incorporating the Sharpsburg and Etna Savings Bank.

CUMULATIVE VOTING.

Mr. BUCKALEW'S Senate bill introducing the cumulative system in borough elections passed finally, and goes to the Governor.

The following House bills passed:

Relative to the care of persons afflicted with temporary derangement in Allegheny county.

Authorizing the Allegheny county District Attorney to refund certain moneys to Gotleib Faas.

Incorporating the Park Place Passenger Railway of Pittsburgh.

Fixing the military commutation tax for Allegheny county.

THE CAPITAL.

The Weather.

KU KLUX COMMITTEE.

CONFIRMATIONS.

The New Loan.

THE TREATY OF WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, May 19, 1871.

KU KLUX.

The Congressional Ku Klux Committee at their meeting to-day, adopted the following resolutions:

Resolved,—That for the present a sub-committee of eight members, be appointed to proceed at once with the investigation and to continue the same as long as they deem it expedient, with authority to take testimony whenever they consider it advisable by a sub-committee of their own number and to report all testimony by them obtained to the full committee, at a meeting to be held on the 20th day of September next or at such earlier time as the sub-committee shall notify the Joint Select Committee to meet; at which time the sub-committees shall visit all such localities in the South as the committee first named shall report to be in a disturbed condition and such other localities as the committee may deem necessary.

Resolved, That the chairman of the Joint Select Committee be authorized to appoint said sub committee, of which the chairman of the Senate and House committees shall be members, and that said two chairmen be authorized to fill any vacancy in said sub committee.

The following were appointed as the sub committee: Senator Scott, chairman; Senators Poole and Blair; Representatives Poland, Coburn, Stevenson, Beck and Van Trump.

Resolutions were offered in relation to the rules to govern the taking of testimony, but the whole subject was postponed until the next meeting of the joint committee.

Mr. Bayard offered a resolution to request the President, if not incompatible with the usage of the Ku Klux bills. This was voted down by a party vote.

Mr. Bayard offered to instruct the sub-committee to call on the proper officers of the several Southern States for statements of debt of $10,000 to the *plaintiff*, the defendant not being even named in the agreement, which was rejected by the Broker himself, and was not being even made acquainted with its terms. And upon this state of facts it was held by Justice Strong that the agreement of the defendant amounted only to a *refusal of* Republican Convention, subject to its decision.

Messrs. Sherman, Edmunds, Miller, Mummi, Nagle, Petriken, Randall, Wallace—17.

Nays—Allen, Billingfelt, Brooke, Evans, Graham, Knight, Osterhout, Turner, Rutan, Wharton—11.

Absent—Anderson, Findlay and Olmstead.

Not Voting—Kerr and Furman.

HOUSE.

GRADING FEDERAL STREET.

Mr. WARNER introduced and had passed the bill relative to the opening and grading of Federal street, Allegheny city.

On motion of Mr. HUMPHREYS the House non-concurred in the Senate amendments to the bituminous coal investigation bill, and a committee of conference was ordered.

BILLS PASSED.

The following House bills passed:

Authorizing the Sharpsburg special tax for erecting a lock-up house.

Allowing mileage to Clarion county commissioners.

Supplement for the Chartiers Cemetery Company, which enlarges the grounds.

BILLS PASSED.

The following House bills passed:

Protecting game and fish on private property in Westmoreland county.

Appropriating fifty thousand dollars to pay the expenses of delegates from different States to arrange for the Philadelphia Centennial celebration.

Authorizing McKeesport borough to compromise with the holders of bonds issued in payment of its subscription to the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company.

Messrs. PUTNEY and SCHNATTERLY objected off the House bill prohibiting fishing in dams or baskets in the Allegheny, Monongahela and Youghiogheny rivers and tributaries.

OBJECTED.

Messrs. CLOUD and WILLIAMS objected off the House Bill prohibiting the sale of liquor in Uniontown or within six miles thereof.

Messrs. FETTER and WOOLEVER objected off the House Bills increasing the compensation of Allegheny county election officers and incorporating the Mansfield Savings Bank of Allegheny county.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The following Senate bills passed:

Authorizing the Allegheny County Treasurer to pay road and county tax of the late townships of Pitt, Collins, Peebles, Liberty and Oakland to the treasurer of the Central Board of Education of Pittsburgh, and the Treasurer of the late Oakland township to settle with the Oakland School Board.

Authorizing a school tax in McKeesport.

Authorizing the surrendering of the Monongahela turnpike to Pittsburgh.

Authorizing the Pittsburgh & Ormsby Passenger Railroad to have viewers appointed to fix compensation for property taken by the Company.

Incorporating the Home Savings Bank of Pittsburgh.

Incorporating the Sharpsburg and Etna Savings Bank.

CUMULATIVE VOTING.

Mr. BUCKALEW'S Senate bill introducing the cumulative system in borough elections passed finally, and goes to the Governor.

The following House bills passed:

Relative to the care of persons afflicted with temporary derangement in Allegheny county.

Authorizing the Allegheny county District Attorney to refund certain moneys to Gotleib Faas.

Incorporating the Park Place Passenger Railway of Pittsburgh.

Fixing the military commutation tax for Allegheny county.

TITUSVILLE

Frightful and Fatal Explosion.

TITUSVILLE, May 19.—A terrible nitro-glycerine explosion occurred to-day about five miles on the road to Tidioute, on the four hundred acre farm of the compound, belonging to Messrs. Roberts & Co., were exploded while being transported in a wagon, and the driver, Wm. C. Clark, as well as the horse and the wagon vehicle, were blown to atoms. A barn forty rods distant was demolished, and an adjacent oil tion five feet deep and twelve feet broad was made in the road way. The largest fragment of Clark's body found was a valid contract under tion of his face. The horse's shoes were stripped off and broken, and nothing was left of the wagon but splints of wood and iron scattered broadcast for several hundred yards.

A woman was knocked down by a mile south of some kind which entered her dwelling, nearly a quarter of a mile distant. There is considerable indignation manifested in Titusville. The glycerine which exploded was purchased by parties on the streets of the city, as has been repeatedly done heretofore, notwithstanding a prohibitory ordinance. Clark, the deceased, had been in the employ of the Roberts Torpedo Company for two years past. He leaves a wife and child residing at Tidioute.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Mrs. Fair.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 19.—Mrs. Fair's attorney filed a lengthy bill of exceptions or the application for a new trial. It charges errors of ruling in the Court, misconduct of the jurors and newly discovered evidence apparently not of important character. The general impression is that all the points will be overruled.

FIRST SPIKE.

The first spike of the Northern Pacific Railroad was driven at Kalama, Oregon, yesterday with appropriate ceremonies.

KILLED.

Harrison Shurtleiff, a native of Middletown, Connecticut, and a California pioneer, was killed by a falling tree at Seattle, Oregon, on the 10th inst.

NEW ORLEANS.

Fatal Steamboat Explosion.

NEW ORLEANS, May 19.—The "Times" Galveston special reports the explosion of the new steamer Stonewall, from Galveston for Lake Charles, near Indianola. There were five men killed and several others injured.

TRACK LAYING.

The track laying upon the first Western Division of the New Orleans, Mobile and Texas Railroad was completed yesterday to Hildsville. The distance is sixty-three miles from this city. Traffic will soon be open to that place. A strong force of men are employed in the extension of the road.

ST. LOUIS.

Baby Show.

ST. LOUIS, May 19.—A baby show was held at the Temple to-day in connection with a festival for the benefit of the Good Samaritan hospital, and created quite a sensation among the ladies. The hall was jammed and competition was very lively. Eighty single babies, seven pairs of twins, and one set of triplets were on exhibition. The first prize was awarded to John Walker, four months old, weighing 37 pounds; second prize to John H. Gorman, seven months old, weighing 126 pounds.

LIGHT.

The New Gas Company.

The Consolidated Gas Company of this city just chartered by the Legislature will shortly organize with a capital stock of a quarter of a million of dollars of which one-half has been guaranteed by the incorporators. The following is the act of incorporation from which it will appear what great advantages the new Company has obtained and how safe an investment will prove its stock. The act reads:

That P. P. Houston, Nelson P. Reed, Henry M. Long, James P. Barr, Joseph S. Lare, D. O'Neill, Alexander Rook, M. F. Egan, L. Neeb, C. F. Bauer, R. H. Nevin, Joseph G. Seibeneck, Wm. J. Kountz, and their associates or persons who shall become stockholders, be and the same are hereby made and constituted a body politic and corporate, by the name, style and title of the Consolidated Gas Company of the city of Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, with a capital stock of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, to be divided into shares of fifty dollars each, and shall have the privilege of increasing their capital stock from time to time as the Board of Directors may deem necessary for the purpose of carrying out the true intent and meaning of this act, to be organized, managed and governed, as provided by the act regulating Gas and Water Companies, approved the eleventh day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, and subject to all the restrictions and provisions, together with the immunities contained in said act.

Due notice of the opening of the books for subscription will be published. Business is meant, even if parallel lines of pipes must be laid through the city in order to advance competition, and secure a reduction in the price of gas.

Correction.

EDITORS GAZETTE: Your report of the case of Stitt vs. Heidokoopers is unjust to the defendants, in stating that the plaintiff was employed by them as their agent to sell the lands; that he negotiated a sale for $78,000. out of which he was to receive the excess over $40,000, and that before the contract was closed the agency was withdrawn, so as to deprive him of his compensation.

The only question tried was whether the plaintiff was the *agent* of the defendants, as he claimed to be, and if so, whether he had made *any sale at all* within the terms of the alleged agreement.

The evidence was that the defendants had given him a *refusal* of the lands at $40,000, without naming any particular time within which it was to continue, and placed a deed in the hands of their Bankers in New York to be delivered to him *on the payment* of that sum, or $45,000 or $50,000 per acre *in cash*, and that after failing to find a purchaser, upon the development of the United States war tax, they postponed and raised the value at once to at least $500, or $400. per acre, he was sent for by a New York Broker, who knew the fact, but concealed it from him and entered into a contract *in his own name* to sell the land *conditionally* and upon a credit, with an option to the purchaser to throw up the contract if it should turn out unfavorable, by merely forfeiting the deposit of $10,000 to the *plaintiff*, the defendant not being even named in the agreement, which was rejected by the Broker himself, and was not being even made acquainted with its terms. And upon this state of facts it was held by Justice Strong that the agreement of the defendant amounted only to a *refusal of* the plaintiff, which they might withdraw at any time; that the plaintiff was *not their agent*, and that if he had been the alleged sale was *no sale at all*, as it neither included all the pals nor was made known to them, nor was obligatory on the purchaser, nor was a sale for *cash*, as it ought to have been, and that as the lands had been greatly advanced in value, it was not only the right but the *duty* of the defendants under the circumstances to refuse to ratify the pretended sale, and to withdraw their property from the market, which they had the inability at all, because by the terms of the agreement the plaintiff was to get nothing unless he made a sale and paid over the money, less he had not done.

As you stated the case, the impression left would be that the Messrs. Heidekopers, who, as you must be aware, are well and widely known as men of the highest character, merely had employed the plaintiff as their agent, and these availed themselves of some merely legal advantage to give him the best compensation for his services. You did not, of course, intend anything of the sort, and will not fail to give this statement, object to the correction which I furnish you.

A FRIEND OF JUSTICE.

We give place to the above correction as due to the Attorneys for the defense, who cannot more highly than we, and all who know them, esteem their clients, the Messr

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

GAZETTE BUILDING:
Corner of Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

SATURDAY, MAY 20, 1871.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

AUDITOR GENERAL,
DAVID STANTON, of Beaver Co.

SURVEYOR GENERAL,
ROBT. B. BEATH, of Schuylkill Co.

BONDS at Frankfort, 96¾.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 49.

GOLD closed in New York on yester day at 112.

OUR DELEGATION to the State Convention have named the following gentlemen to serve on the State Central Committee for the ensuing year: Col. Russell Errett, Hon. Robert W. Mackey, Hon. P. C. Shannon and W. C. Moreland, Esq. No better selections could have been made. They are all active, working and influential politicians.

IT has been very wisely suggested that after all things shall have been made lovely between England and America, that Her Majesty Queen Victoria be invited to visit our country. Should she come she would be sure to receive a most hearty welcome, and such a visit would cement closer the bond of friendship existing between the two great countries.

THE *Post* in downright earnest wants to know our opinion of Gov. Geary. For an answer we refer its editor to resolution 8, of the Republican State platform. There are our sentiments exactly. Our party, unlike the Democratic, happens not to be so destitute of good and great men, or faithful public servants as to demand that we make no division of our love and admiration.

WITHIN a few days the annual meeting of the Western Associated Press, will be held. The place for holding the session has not yet been determined upon, but we hope Pittsburgh may be selected, for we are surg a hospitable welcome would be accorded the delegates, who represent the leading Western newspapers and whose good opinions of our city and people, we should be glad to obtain.

OUR military friends are making liberal and extensive arrangements to accord General Meade a hearty and cordial reception on the occasion of his first visit to our city on the 30th inst. Pennsylvania furnished the army during the rebellion with no more accomplished or braver soldier than him to whom the hospitalities of our city are to be extended, and we hope both the civil and military will join hands to render the ovation worthy the city and the distinguished guest.

WILL not our city authorities call a public meeting of citizens to make arrangements for the proper observation of Decoration day? Inasmuch as the important event of formally dedicating the proud monument reared to commemorate the fallen battle heroes of our county, is to mark the day, we should all strive to make it one of pleasurable memory. Business should be entirely suspended, and the day universally observed as a holiday. Will Mayor Brush call a public meeting to take action at once?

THE following political conventions have been called:

Date.	*State.*	*Politics.*	*Place.*
May 24	Penn'a	Democratic	Harrisburg
June 1	Ohio	Democratic	Columbus.
June 14	Iowa	Democratic	Des Moines
June 21	Iowa	Republican	Des Moines
June 21	Ohio	Republican	Columbus.
June 19	Maryland	Republican	Baltimore.

Candidates for Governor will be nominated in the Conventions held in Ohio, Iowa and Maryland.

The Republicans of Pennsylvania and Kentucky have already placed their candidates in the field.

THE Democracy of Ohio are much troubled to know what course they shall pursue at their forthcoming Convention which is to assemble at Columbus on the 1st proximo. Vallandigham comes up again to the surface as a leader and declares that a new front must be presented and that the party, if it cannot go forward, must not move backward. Dead issues are to be discarded, and yet we do not imagine that the opposition can possibly advance out of the ruts, in which they have been wallowing so many years, to catch up with the progressive spirit of the age.

THE *Post* evidently don't relish the fact that the Republicans of Pennsylvania, have spoken out so unanimously for Grant as a leader in 1872. Well, it is hard to keep our contemporary in good humor, but now as we have picked out our man to fight for, won't the *Post* tell us who it means to support? Has it yet failed to make a choice or is it awaiting for some "coming" individual, one on whom to settle and champion. But our man is in the field in good time and condition and just waiting for the other fellow to come up for the blow, and we little care who that other fellow may happen to be.

TROUBLES thicken in the anthracite coal regions. The new turn that affairs have taken inaugurating a war among the miners themselves is very unfortunate. No riot is more bitter than that having prejudices of nationalities as the cause. We do not see how a direct conflict between the excited miners and the military can much longer be avoided. The arrest of young Scranton, a wealthy man, and identified with the interests of the companies, on a charge of complicity in the riot which resulted in the death of two miners, may have a pacifying effect by assuring the miners that the laws are made for their protection as well as for the higher class.

REFORMED PRESBYTERIAN.

The "General Synod" of the Reformed Presbyterian Church is now holding its forty-eighth session in the City of Philadelphia. Our contemporaries of the City of Brotherly Love have fallen into a serious error in regard to the time of the original organization of this Church in this country, for which, however, they are not responsible, inasmuch as they state that the "brief *resume* of the history" which they published was "furnished by the Secretary." It is claimed in this official document of that officer that the organization of the Reformed Presbytery in this country "ante-dates by many years the Declaration of Independence." One journal on the authority of the "Secretary" says: "It was constituted in 1752 by the Revs. Cuthbertson, Lind and Dobbin." This is a mistake of nearly a quarter of a century, if we are to believe the late Rev. Samuel Brown Wylie, D. D. LL. D., of Philadelphia, who was as competent, perhaps, as any modern historian in the Reformed Presbyterian Church, to give an authentic account of the original organization of the denomination in this or any other country. In his Memoir of the late Alexander McLeod, D. D., of New York, Dr. Wylie says: "The Reformed Presbytery, for the first time, was constituted in America in 1774, by Rev. John Cuthbertson, Matthew Lind and Alexander Dobbin, with ruling elders. This not long afterwards became extinct, in the coalescence formed between these brethren, and the Associate Presbyteries of New York and Pennsylvania in 1782, after having been five years in agitation."

In addition to the testimony of Dr. Wylie on this historical question, we may quote that of the Rev. D. R. Kerr, D. D., Professor of Ecclesiastical History and Church Government in the United Presbyterian Theological Seminary, Allegheny city. In his History of the United Presbyterian Church, published in 1860, Dr. Kerr says: "Some time after the Associate Church commenced this vigorous existence in America, the Reformed Church made her appearance here. Her first Presbytery was constituted in 1774, and consisted of three ministerial members, Messrs. John Cuthberson, Alexander Dobbin and Matthew Linn." Thus we see that our journalistic brethren in Philadelphia have been led into a serious historical blunder by the "furnished *resume*" of the "*Secretary*."

Accuracy in ecclesiastical historical dates is of great importance, inasmuch as there are some of those who belong to the straitest sects of Presbyterianism that believe that the history of the Church is as much an article of faith as her doctrine. But, if they cannot come nearer the truth than the "furnished resume," this position is grossly absurd.

The Reformed Presbyterian Church never had a formal organization in any country until the year 1743, only thirty three years before the Declaration of Independence. Dr. Kerr, in the history already referred to, speaking of the Reformed Presbyterian Church of Scotland, says: "This body did not attain a formal organization until 1743." The Rev. Andrew Symington, D. D., of Paisley, Scotland, himself a Reformed Presbyterian, speaking on the same subject, says: "The Reformed Presbytery was constituted in 1743." This original Presbytery of the Reformed Presbyterian Church of Scotland, to which Dr. Symington refers, consisted only of two ministerial members—Rev. Messrs. McMillan and Nairne—and was organized on the first day of August, 1743, at Braehead, parish of Carnwath.

The religious body of which we are now writing has never been able to boast of a large membership in any country, although it has performed, in some respects, an important part in the promulgation of what is called orthodox truth. The New School branch of it, which is now in session in Philadelphia, has never had, at any time, more than eight thousand members under its jurisdiction. It has greatly decreased in ministerial and lay members during the past decade. The decrease in numbers has been attributed to different causes. There is quite a respectable number of its membership who cannot see any difference between it and the United Presbyterian Church, and who believe that nothing but prejudice and a love of sectarianism prevent the two bodies from entering into an organic union. Through her refusal to entertain this subject favorably last year, Synod has lost a whole Presbytery. It is a matter of complaint that the body has been controlled by a few individuals, who must have every thing done according to their preconceived opinions.

Then again, the suspension of a distinguished merchant, of Philadelphia, by the Synod in this city in 1868, from eldership and membership, was the means of causing almost three entire presbyteries to sever their connection with her, namely, the Saharanpur, Philadelphia, and a majority of the ministerial members of the Pittsburgh presbytery. At present there are only about twenty-four ministers connected with the Synod, five of whom have no pastoral charge.

The Old School branch of this Church, which is much larger and in a more flourishing condition, will meet in this city on Wednesday of next week, full reports of which will appear in the GAZETTE from day to day.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

Much interest is felt by multitudes in the anniversaries of this month, in New York, notwithstanding some features are denominated "dull matter" to many readers. We shall however only name the most salient points of the large and important organizations. Reference has already been made to the anniversaries of the American Home Missionary Society, Seamen's Friend Society, and Union Theological Seminary, since which the American Tract Society, American Bible Society, American and Foreign Christian Union, and National Temperance Society, have held their anniversaries. The American Tract Society held its annual meeting on the 10th, Rev. Dr. Tyng presiding. Reports for the year show that two hundred and thirty-five new publications were issued, including forty-five volumes. The receipts, gifts, legacies, and sales, making with the balance in the treasury, $492,182 50; expense of manufacturing, agencies of various kinds $491,787 83, leaving balance in the treasury of $394 67. Two hundred and sixty-seven colporteurs were employed in thirty three States, and in adjoining British provinces. Rt. Rev. Charles P. McIlvaine, was re-elected President, with the usual corps of officers. Addresses were delivered by Rev. Dr. Heacock, of Buffalo, Rev. M. Richard son, and Hon. W. E. Dodge. Anniversary exercises of the American Bible Society were preceded by a business meeting, at which delegates were present from various auxillary societies in different parts of the United States. During the year, sixty-four life directors and eighteen hundred and eighty life members have been constituted, and one hundred and five new auxilliaries enrolled. State and county agents employed by the Society, two hundred and seventy-seven, and twenty-three hundred and eighteen Bible visitors. Receipts, $729,464.70; expenditures, $651,135.31; outstanding engagements to be met by Society, $70,000. There have been 1,107,272 volumes issued. The entire number of volumes issued during fifty-five years has been $27,880,098. Addresses were delivered by several distinguished ministers. The twenty-second anniversary of the American and Foreign Christian Union took place some days since. Total receipts, $93,371.55. Rev. A. M. Mervinn, from Chili, and Rev. M. D. Kalopothakes, representing the Union in Greece, and others delivered addresses. The National Temperance Society occurred last week, Hon. W. E. Dodge presiding. The operations of the Society, in its publishing interests, have been large. Receipts, $55,945.47; expenses, $53,774.64. Addresses were delivered by Rev. Theodore L. Cuyler, of Brooklyn, Rev. Herrick Johnson, of Philadelphia, and Rev. T. DeWitt Talmange, of Brooklyn.

The death of two Bishops of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and the dangerous illness of Bishop Clark, and impaired health of two others, will make it necessary for the General Conference, which meets in Brooklyn, New York, in May, 1872, to elect four or five new Bishops. The discussion now on the Bishops, as to their powers, and the need of modifying the office, and distributing the work, and also limitating the tenor of office, is taking a wide range, and is likely to overshadow every other question to come before that body. Among the many eminent ministers thought of in connection with the office, are Rev. Dr. S. H. Nesbit, editor of the Pittsburgh *Christian Advocate*, and Rev. Dr. Pershing, President of the Pittsburgh Female college. The *Independent*, although an outsider, one of its chief editors is a Methodist, says, after presenting the question pretty fully: "We should like to see the power of the Bishops generally limited; but the advantage of their life tenure was observed in the recent in 1752 by the Revs. Cuthbertson, Lind and Dobbin." This is a mistake of nearly a quarter of a century, if we are to believe the late Rev. Samuel Brown Wylie, D. D. LL. D., of Philadelphia, who was as competent, perhaps, as any modern historian in the Reformed Presbyterian Church, to give an authentic account of the original organization of the denomination in this or any other country. In his Memoir of the late Alexander McLeod, D. D., of New York, Dr. Wylie says: "The Reformed Presbytery, for the first time, was constituted in America in 1774, by Rev. John Cuthbertson, Matthew Lind and Alexander Dobbin, with ruling elders. This not long afterwards became extinct, in the coalescence formed between these brethren, and the Associate Presbyteries of New York and Pennsylvania in 1782, after having been five years in agitation."

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some plan by which some memorial may be raised for the long and faithful service of the Rev. Dr. Hodge, who is now completing the fiftieth year of his connection with Princeton Theological Seminary. Would it not be well for the friends, patrons and alumnni of Western Theological Seminary, Allegheny City, to get up a similar memorial for the venerable Doctor Elliott, for his great services to that institution.

Rev. Millard Spalding, of Salem, formerly, if not now, a Universalist preacher, confesses in the *Star of the West* the difficulty of interpreting "everlasting" in a limited manner. He claims that it means, when applied to punishment, "a strictly endless duration of time, and not an indefinite period, as Universalists have maintained." He thinks this now is, and "has been, an ugly customer to the Universalists for three generations," and that the preachers of this body have been "floundering about in a sea of difficulty, with the burden of a false interpretation upon their backs," and have been "thrown under whenever their enemies desired a little sport at their expense."

When the young ministers who were to be received on trial in the Maine Methodist Episcopal Conference were presented, a motion was passed that no candidate be admitted on trial who used tobacco in any form. Nine young men assumed the obligation, and were admitted.

A society for the promotion of Life Insurance among clergymen has been organized in New York. Reports represent that they have obtained twenty-four policies, for as many pastors and mission aries, to the amount of seventy thousand dollars.

One of the ministerial commissioners to the coming Presbyterian General Assembly, Rev. Samuel W. Brace, of Utica, N. Y., is eighty-two years of age, and has been nearly fifty-three years in the ministry.

In olden time the custom of the Lutheran Church was not to ordain a candidate until he received a call from a congregation. By the recent changes of the in the Constitution of the Pennsylvania Lutheran Synod, students who have passed through the theological course of the Philadelphia Seminary are ordained at once, after passing examination, and before receiving a call.

Three members of the Brothers of St. John, a religious order attached to the Church of England, have arrived in Baltimore. They have been holding service in several of the Episcopal churches of that city.

From an abstract of the Board of Foreign Missions of the Presbyterian Church we learn that the working force of the Board has been increased during the past year to thirteen ordained ministers, two physicians, seven unmarried ladies, and the wives of some of the missionaries—in all, thirty-two new laborers. Four missionaries have died. The total force of foreign laborers numbers two hundred and thirty-six. Besides these, there is a large number of active ministers, with more than three hundred and sixty native helpers. Over four hundred conversions are reported, making the present membership thirty-five hundred. The Board closes with a deficit of forty three thousand dollars, which is the most unfavorable feature, and should be cancelled at the earliest moment.

The First Reformed Presbyterian church of Philadelphia, Dr. Wylie, pastor, celebrated their semi-annual communion recently. Four hundred and forty-six persons partook of the emblems, of whom twenty-four united with the church on this occasion. The only surviving member of the original members of this church, one who attended the the late Dr. S. B. Wylie's installation at the commencement of the century was present and sat down with descendants of those first members in the fourth generation.

THE STATE.

A NEW bridge is to be built across the Clarion river at Ridgway, Elk county.

THERE are six aspirants for the treasurership of Lawrence county, on the Republican side.

REPORTS from various parts of Fayette county, indicate that in spite of the frosts and seemingly unfavorable weather, the prospect for a large crop of fruit is good. Oats are said to look poor.

MONONGAHELA CITY is pleased with the promise of three concerts there next week by a Pittsburgh troupe consisting of Mrs. Biederman, Miss Henne and Messrs. Guenther, Manning, Roe and Wilhelmi.

ABOUT a fortnight ago a little girl named Alice Lent, living in Carlisle, stepped on a splinter of wood with her bare foot. Six or seven days after she began to complain of pain in her foot, and a physician was called in but nothing could be done, and after two or three days of excrutiating agony the child died of locked jaw.

THE Clearfield *Journal* says: We learn that at about two o'clock on Sunday morning last the large and commodious hotel, together with most of the furniture and goods, belonging to Mr. David Pershing, in Houtzdale, this county, was destroyed by fire. It is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary. Loss about four thousand dollars; no insurance.

THE Editor of the Lawrence *Journal* is going to do something terrible to somebody sometime. He says that he may at some future time show that community the importance of guarding against aggregious falsehoods, which some men resort to in order to carry out their political schemes. The readers of the *Journal* must long ago have been convinced of the importance of that sort of guarding.

WE learn from the Indiana *Progress* that on Wednesday, the 10th inst., Alfred Johnson, a young man about 19 years of age, accidentally shot himself under very distressing circumstances. His parents and the rest of the family were absent at the funeral of Mr. Pifer, a neighbor, when Alfred took down his gun with the intention of going out a hunting. He put his foot on the hammer while blowing into the muzzle to see if it was loaded, when the gun went off, shooting him in the mouth, the ball passing upward through the roof and lodging in the head, killing him almost instantly.

THE Mechanicsburg *Journal* says: On Tuesday morning last Samuel Hertzler, residing near Shepherdstown, unloosed the cattle from the stable in which they were confined, for the purpose of watering them, and as was his custom allowed the chains to remain on them. After they had emerged from the stable and were on their way to the water, a large and valuable bull and one of the largest and finest steers commenced playing, during which they became entangled by the chains fastened around their heads and they fell. Seeing the dilemma, Mr. Hertzler made an effort to separate them, but found to his astonishment it could not be done except by severing either the head of the bull or steer. Concluding that less loss would accrue from the death of the bull, with assistance he severed the bull's head from his body, and, of course, they were separated.

THE Uniontown *Standard* says: Another murder was committed in the mountain on last Friday. It is the old story; two men got drunk, had a fight, and in the melee one received injuries from which he died the next day. From what we can learn of the affair, it appears that two Irishmen, Daniel Kelly and Thomas Dillon, had for some time entertained an unfriendly feeling toward each other. On last Friday they had quarreled and in the fight Dillon struck Kelley with a club, producing such injuries as to cause his death the next day. This is Dillon's story. Dillon was arrested and committed to jail on Saturday by Squire Thorpe, of Stewart township. Another version of the affair is that Dillon, walking along the track, saw Kelly lying there drunk, and having a grudge against him, procured a stout club and dealt Kelly such a tremendous blow as to fracture his skull, resulting in the man's death the next day.

THE Indiana *Progress* gives the following list of conflagrations in that county:

On Monday, the 8th inst., the residence of Mr. A. H. Warren, of West Mahoning township, took fire from a defective flue, and was burned to the ground. With the help of a number of raftsmen, who were working nigh, they managed to save a greater part of the furniture, &c. Loss about $2,000. No insurance. We understand that Mr. Warren intends to go to work immediately to rebuild.....On the same day, near Perrysville, Jefferson county, about three miles from Warren's the residence of Mr. Wm. Gaul took fire from a defect in the flue, and, with the exception of a few articles of furniture, was entirely destroyed with its contents. No insurance.....On Thursday, the 11th inst., the residence of Mr. John Stewart, in East Mahoning township, took fire from a spark falling on the roof and was totally destroyed. Mrs. Stewart had removed nearly all the furniture herself, when fire was communicated to it also. They saved nothing but the clock. Mrs. S. was badly burned. No insurance.....On Saturday, the 13th inst., the residence of Mr. Thomas Dunlap, in South Mahoning township, took fire on the shingles at the top of the roof while the family was baking. It is supposed that a spark fell on the roof. With the exception of a small amount of bedding the house and contents were entirely destroyed. No insurance.....On the 12th inst, the residence of Mr. Widison, living near Dixonville this county, was also burned down. Setting a bucket of ashes near the house is supposed to have originated the fire. Total loss. No insurance.

A PRIVATE telegram from Albany, says the *Telegraph and Messenger* was received about some business matter between C. M. Clark and Robert Zacharias, last Wednesday morning, about ten o'clock, Zacharias was shot and almost instantly killed by Clarke. Both parties were known in Macon in 1865-1866—Clark being a telegraph operator in the office here during those years. He has since been living in Albany, and was for a while connected with the telegraph office at that point. Zacharias was a German and had been in Clark's employ. Clark, after preliminary examination, was admitted to bail in $10,000.

TO RUPTURED PERSONS.

We have often said, and now repeat, that persons who have any rupture or condition requiring mechanical support, that there is no better place that can be found than that of Dr. Keyser, of **167** Liberty street. We have not only known rupture relieved, but we have seen crooked spine and varicose veins treated with the most perfect success at the same place, and we would advise our readers to cut this out and go no where else when they need such services, and we do so with the full assurance that they will get full satisfaction. The Doctor has had an experience of over thirty-five years in the treatment of rupture, and it would be more than singular if in that time he had not acquired an entire mastery over that terrible and now common malady. The Doctor is now called in all difficult cases of rupture. Remember his office, **167** Liberty street.

FRESH ARRIVAL—JUST RECEIVED,
50 cases St. Louis Michigan Water.
25 cases of Hathorn Saratoga Water.
10 cases of High Rock Congress Water.
10 barrels Blue Lick Water.
Just received direct from the Springs, at
JAMES E. BURNS & CO.'S
DRUG STORE AND MINERAL WATER DEPOT,
Cor. Penn and Sixth streets, (old St. Clair.)
N. B.—Where you will find the finest mineral Waters in the city, Kissingen, Vichy, Blue Lick and Congress on draught, drawn from marble founts and one of the finest west of New York city. Remember, at
JAMES E. BURNS & CO.,
Corner of Penn and Sixth street.

PERSECUTED ORGAN.

The human stomach has been a shamefully persecuted organ. There was a time when for every dereliction of duty it was punished with huge doses of the most disgusting and nauseous drugs in vain it rejected them and literally protested them upon the hands of those who administered them. They were forced upon it again and again until its solvent power was thoroughly drenched out of it.

The world is wiser now than it was in that drastic era, when furious purgation and mercurial salivation were the remedies for all ills, and those that have not the "main hold" of the faculty, in cases of dyspepsia and liver complaint.

The great modern remedy for indigestion and biliousness is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a preparation which has the merit of combining a palatable flavor with tonic, aperient and antibilious properties, as were never heretofore united in any medicine.

It has been discovered at last, that sick people are not like the fabled Titans, who found prostration so refreshing that, when knocked down, they rose from earth twice as vicorous as before. When an invalid is prostrated by powerful depleting drugs, he is apt to stay prostrated; and the debilitating sweats of the fever, instead of *building* up to the *knocking down* system of treatment.

Hostetter's Bitters meets the requirements of the rational medical philosophy which at present prevails. It is a perfectly pure vegetable remedy, embracing the three important properties of a preventive, a tonic, and an alterative. It fortifies the body against disease, invigorates and revitalizes the torpid stomach and liver and effects a most salutary change in the whole system, so fatal to morbid condition.

In this country where the enfeebling temperature renders the human organization particularly susceptible to unwholesome atmospheric influences, the Bitters should be taken as a protection against epidemic disease.

SELLERS'
Imperial Cough Syrup
Has given relief to thousands who have used it, and the proprietor is persuaded that it has the power to impart benefit that cannot be claimed for the cough mixtures in general use.
Most of the mixtures sold for coughs are composed of spirituous and inflammatory articles, which, while they give little relief, really do harm.

THE IMPERIAL COUGH SYRUP.
Contains no spirituous ingredients whatever, and may be used in all cases not requiring active medical treatment.

Lindsays Impr'd Blood Searcher.
Cures Erysipelas, Scrofula, Ulcers, Cutaneous Diseases, Sore Eyes, Pimples on the Face, Scald Heads, Mercurial Diseases, Debility, Salt Rheum, etc.

Johnson's Rheumatic Compound.
One bottle in Massachusetts sold fifty bottles JOHNSTON'S RHEUMATIC COMPOUND with the agreement, NO CURE MONEY REFUNDED, and had only three bottles refunded. Why endure aching limbs and stiff joints when there is such a certain remedy.

Sold by all Druggists.
PREPARED ONLY BY
R. E. SELLERS & CO.,
TTHS No. 45 WOOD ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FABER & VAN DOREN,
367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
MACHINERY,
Steam Pumps,
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery, Machine Cards.
Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.
ORDERS SOLICITED.

GRAFF, HUGUS & CO.,
Manufacturers of
Cooking and Heating
STOVES,
RANGES, FURNACES,
AND
Fine Grate Fronts,
INCLUDING THE
COLUMBIA COOK STOVE,
Confidence Cook Stove,
The Boston
DOUBLE-OVEN IMPROVED
Cooking Range,
Nile's Improved Star Range,
AND
FIERY FURNACE.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE:
206 and 208
Liberty Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ADVICE
TO THE
BROKEN-DOWN
IN
HEALTH.
Those of Bad Blood
AND
OLD MAIDS IN PARTICULAR
—
APRIL,
MAY and
JUNE.
PURIFY THE BLOOD.
In These Months
HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA
Cures all eruptions of the skin.
HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA
Cures the worst form of BLOOD DISEASES.
HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA
ENTERS READILY INTO THE CIRCULATION OF THE BLOOD.
HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA
BEAUTIFIES THE COMPLEXION.
All Powders and outward applications destroy the skin, rendering it harsh and coarse. Look at the skin of old maids and those that have not such any length of time. My advice is to discontinue them and use
HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA.
ONE BOTTLE IS EQUAL IN STRENGTH TO ONE GALLON OF THE SYRUPS OR DECOCTIONS AS USUALLY MADE; AND A WINE GLASS ADDED TO A PINT OF WATER EQUALS THE CELEBRATED
LISBON DIET DRINK. TRY IT THIS WAY.
A DELIGHTFUL BEVERAGE.
HELMBOLD'S
CATAWBA GRAPE PILLS.
HELMBOLD'S
CATAWBA GRAPE PILLS.
A PLEASANT, SAFE AND AGREEABLE CATHARTIC.
HELMBOLD'S
CATAWBA GRAPE PILLS.
Used in all affections where a purgative medicine is needed.
HELMBOLD'S
CATAWBA GRAPE PILLS,
HARMLESS TO A CHILD AND TAKEN BY CHILDREN.
HELMBOLD'S
CATAWBA GRAPE PILLS
SUPERSEDE MAGNESIA, SALTS, AND EVERY OTHER PURGATIVE.
HELMBOLD'S
CATAWBA GRAPE PILLS,
CERTAIN IN EFFECT AND PLEASANT IN OPERATION.
HELMBOLD'S
CATAWBA GRAPE PILL
IS NOT A PATENTED PILL.
HELMBOLD'S
CATAWBA GRAPE PILLS
ARE COMPOSED OF CATAWBA GRAPE JUICE AND FLUID EXTRACT RHUBARD.
HOW TO PROCEED IN THE
SPRING AND SUMMER MONTHS
To insure NEW LIFE, NEW BLOOD, NEW VIGOR.
Purchase two bottles of HELMBOLD'S SARSAPARILLA and one box of PILLS—
WORTH THEIR WEIGHT
IN GOLD.
No better investment can be made for so small a sum.

HELMBOLD'S
Fluid Extract Buchu
HAS ACQUIRED A
WORLD WIDE FAME.
All of my preparations are meritorious. A period of twenty years has PROVED THIS to be the case.
See remarks made by Benjamin Travers, F. R. C. S., &c. Speaking of those diseases, and diseases arising from the excess of mercury, he states that no remedy is equal to the extract of Sarsaparilla; its power is extraordinary, more so than any other drug I am acquainted with. It is, in the strictest sense, a tonic, with this invaluable attribute, that it is applicable to the state of the system so sunken, and yet so irritable as renders other substances of the tonic class unavailable or injurious
See REMARKS of the GREAT CHEMISTS and PILL MEN OF AMERICA.
WM. R. WARNER & CO.,
154 North Third street, Philadelphia, Pa.
H. T. HELMBOLD,
Esteemed Friend:
I congratulate you on having the handsomest and at the same time the MOST EFFECTIVE PILL that I have ever known for the purposes intended.
WM. P. WARNER & CO.
H. T. HELMBOLD
Will remark in conclusion that his Remedies are the result of long and careful study. The Fluid Extracts have been before the public twenty years; the sale of them in that time proves their value All have been benefitted by them who followed my instructions, and to-day they stand UNEQUALLED in the extent of their sales and UNSURPASSED by any Medicament in the Dispensary of the United States, not excepting a single HERB, ROOT, PLANT, or scientific preparation.
Pharmaceutical I claim all mine to be, and have never patented a single one.

All Stand on Their Merits.
The Pill I have thought of offering to the afflicted for ten years.
They are now perfect, and I shall stake my time, money and fame on their effectiveness. The inviting style in which the Pill itself is made, the bottle, label, wrapper, all show with what care they have been prepared. After examination, no English or French preparation will show greater care, and I am really proud of them.
Instead of the nauseous-looking, carelessly prepared Pills vended generally and put up in wooden boxes, and made generally or offered by those having no experience as physicians, druggists, or manufacturers of medicines.
Test the medicine offered by
Your obedient servant,
H. T. HELMBOLD,
Crystal Palace Drug Store, 594 Broadway, New York.
Palace Pharmacy, Gilsey House, Broadway and Twenty-ninth street, New York.
Temple of Pharmacy, Continental Hotel, Philadelphia, and 104 South Tenth street, Philadelphia.
P. S.—HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU has gained a world-wide fame.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Special Bargains
IN
DRESS GOODS
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S.
At 12½c., Figured Grenadines.
At 12½c., New Styles Delaines.
At 12½c., Mixed Wash Poplins, all colors.
At 25c., a Job lot of Dark Gray Poplins, slightly imperfect.
At 25c., Cheney Mixed Poplins.
At 25c., Plain and Corded Alpacas, all colors.
At 30 and 37½c., beautiful Cheney Mixed Mohairs.
At 50c., Light Chintz Mohairs, an extra bargain.
At 45c., Plain and Plaid Japanese Cloths.
At 12½c., Kentucky Jeans.
At 6½c., Fast Colored Prints.
At 10c., Good 4-4 Bleached Muslins.
At 50 and 75c., Ladies' Summer Shawls.
At $2, Light Woolen Shawls, full size.
At 62½c., Dark Balmoral Skirts.
At 65c., Light Gored Summer Skirts.
Plain and Plaid
DRESS SILKS.
Glace and Gros Grain
BLACK SILKS.
A large lot, just received, and offered at prices which must warrant a speedy sale.
A NEW STOCK OF
Poplin Plaids, all colors.
Plain Black Grenadines and Hernanis.
Silk Striped Grenadines.
Cassimeres, Jeans, and Summer Pant Cloths.
AT VERY LOW PRICES,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.
SUITS, SUITS,
Lawn Suits,
Linen Suits.
—
MOORHOUSE & CARSTEN,
21 Fifth Avenue.
—
We take pleasure in announcing that we are receiving a full and choice line of
Lawn and Linen Suits,
AT VERY LOW PRICES.
ALL NEW STYLES
IN
Lama Lace Sacques,
Lama Lace Points.
Lama Lace Overdress.
A FRESH ARRIVAL
OF
Spring Shawls,
Black Silks

FINANCIAL.

Robinson Brothers,

BANKERS,

No. 78 Fourth Ave.,

Buy and sell all kinds of

Government Securities, State, City and County Bonds, Real Estate Mortgages and Business Paper.

Orders Executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS at the NEW YORK STOCK BOARD.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

au25-tf

$100,000

Pittsburgh & Connellsville R. R.

SIX PER CENT. BONDS,

(TURTLE CREEK DIVISION.)

These Bonds are a first lien on the road now fully completed and in running order, and take precedence of the 7 per cent. bonds, are dated 1878. for thirty years, with interest, payable February and August.

For Sale at 86 and Accrued Interest.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.

my22-6

James T. Brady & Co.,

BANKERS,

Fourth Avenue and Wood Street.

Financial Agents of United States

FOR

FUNDED LOAN

Of 1880, 1885 and 1900.

SUBSCRIPTION BOOKS NOW OPEN.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

MONEY AND COMMERCE.

NEW YORK, May 19, 1871.

Gold strong and sold up to 112¾ one time during the day, but closed at 112. Loans were made at 1@2 per cent. for carrying and 1 for use. Clearances $82,000,000. Governments opened strong and active, but at the close were quiet and steady at a decline of ⅛ on 5-20 issues. Stocks opened strong, and there was a general advance until after the second call, when Erie suddenly broke, carrying the rest of the market with it. Western Union Central became prominent again to-day, and advanced to 20¾; scrip 99¼. The great feature of the day was Erie. It was bulled by some parties on the idea that the Michigan Central had purchased the road, and by others that English stockholders would soon get possession, but it is said the whole thing is a game of Fisk and Gould, who had bought largely of the stock and are manipulating with these reports. The market closed steady at a recovery from the lowest figures. Money easy at 4 per cent. State bonds strong but transactions light.

Sterling exchange 110¾.

GOVERNMENTS—Coupons, 1881, 117¾; 5-20's, '65s, 115¾; '65, new, 114¾; '65, 10-40's, 113⅞; '67, 113⅝; '68, 114; 10-40's, 110; currency sixes, 115¾.

STATE BONDS—Missouri, 95¾; Tennessee old, 70¾; do new, 70¾; Virginia, new, 72¾; do old, 68; North Carolina, old, 48¾; do new, 26¾.

MISCELLANEOUS—Western Union Telegraph, 59¾; Quicksilver 11¾; Mariposa, 5¾; do preferred, 14; Adams Express, 94; United States Express, 46; American Union do, 56¾; United States do, 58; Pacific Mail, 45¾; New York Central, 100¾; Serip, 99¼; Erie, 27¾; do preferred, 58; Hariem, 133; do preferred, 136; Reading, 114¾; Michigan Central, 123½; Cleveland & Pittsburg, 117; Northwestern, 80¾; do preferred, 88; Rock Island, 113¾; New Jersey Central, 113¾; St. Paul, 62¾; do preferred, 81¾; Wabash, 64¾; do preferred, 85; Fort Wayne, 99; Terre Haute, 36; do preferred, 70; Chicago & Alton, 119; do preferred, 120; Ohio & Mississippi, 31¾; C. C. & I., 89¾; Baltimore & Ohio, 119; Lake Shore, 111¾; Illinois Central, 135; Union Pacific, 36¾; Central Pacific bonds, 101¾; Union, 93¾.

Closing quotations as received by James T Brady & Co.:

Gold	112	5-20 Jan. & Jy. '65	113¾
U. S. 6s, 1881	117¾	5-20 Jan. & Jy. '67	115¾
U. S. 5-20 Mch. '65	115¾	5-20 Jan. & Jy. '68	115¾
U. S. 5-20 1865	114¾	C. P. R. R.	95¾
U. S. 5-20 1865	114¾	C. P. R. R.	101¾
U. S. 10-40	110	Cen. Pacific mtge.	104¾

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, May 19, 1871.

ASHES—Common Soda Ash, 4¾@5¾; refined do, 6¾@6¾; Pearls, 9@9¼; Pots, 7¼@7¾.

APPLES—Supply almost exhausted, and there is scarcely enough doing to establish quotations.

BUTTER—Continues exceedingly dull, and, notwithstanding the receipts are comparatively light, the supply is largely in excess of the demand and prices are weak at quotations. 12@15 for fair to prime, and 18@20 for choice. The commission men are all of one opinion about the butter market, that it, is very hard.

BROOM CORN—Very dull: we can report occasional small sales at 5@6, as to quality.

BEANS—Dull at $1.25@1.75 per bushel.

CHEESE WAX—Quoted at 25@30 cts.

CHEESE—Is coming in quite freely and the market is easy though unchanged: prime Ohio Goshen, 15@15½; Ohio Factory, 14@14½; Dairy, 12@13.

CANDLES—Quoted at 12 cts for mould, and 10 for star.

CEMENT—Louisville, $2.50@2.75 per bbl. Johnstown, $2.25; Rosendale, $4.00@4.50; Calcined Plaster, $4.50; Land Plaster, $5.00@5.75.

CASTILE OIL—Is quiet and unchanged—5 cts for standard brands, in a jobbing way, and 23 for small lots.

CORN MEAL—Is quiet; small sales, in store, at 85@90 cts per bushel.

CANNED GOODS—Steady but unchanged. Peaches, 2 lb cans, $2.00@2.50 per dozen; 3 lb cans, $3.00@3.50, according to quality. Corn $2.00@2.75 the outside figure for Winslow's. Tomatoes quoted stiff at $2.25@2.75.

COUNTRY BACON—Shoulders, 6@6½; ribbed sides, 8@8½; clear sides, 8@8½; hams, 10@11; sugar cured shoulders 6¾@7; clear sides, 7¾@8; hams, 12@13.

DRIED FRUIT—Peaches scarce and the demand is better; quarters, 10@11; mixed, 12@13; halves, 16@18; peeled, 16@17. Prime bright apples in better demand and are scarce; could be quoted at 7@8; common, in good supply and dull.

EGGS—Continue stiff and with comparatively light receipts and a diminished supply, prices are still tending upward; we now quote at 18@19, which is the daily inquiry, but dealers generally holding at 17.

FEATHERS—Scarce and in demand, with sales of No. 1 live geese feathers at 74@75—usual advance in a small way.

FLOUR—Continues firm, though there is no excitement and no change whatever to make in quotations. We continue to quote good spring extras at $7.00, and choice Minnesota baker's flour at $7.25. Good to choice red winter wheat, $7.00@7.25; white wheat, $7.50. Rye Flour, in light supply and there is not much inquiry for it.

GREEN TRUCK—Is coming in quite freely but continue to sell readily at full prices.

GRAIN—Wheat continues scarce and in demand but without quotable change in prices, $1.04@1.45 for red, and $1.50@1.55 for white. There is no stock in the hands of dealers, and the supply held by the mills is pretty well reduced. Oats still but unchanged, 38@39 buying, buyers furnishing sacks, and 40@41 selling, sellers furnishing sacks, and 60@61 selling —small lots in store, 62@65. The eastern markets are better and it is expected that Philadelphia will be wanting oats here within the next few weeks. But little doing in Corn, market quiet and unchanged; mixed shelled, 70@72; prime yellow, 71@72. Small sales of prime yellow car, at 73 and even 75, but a round lot would bring a but little if any more than shelled, which is owing to the fact the demand is entirely for feeding. Rye is in steady demand at $1.00, and there is little or none offering or arriving, and it is reported that there is little or none in the country.

GROCERIES—Tea market is steady and fairly, active, unusually so for this season of the year. In fact, it has been unusually brisk all the last of January last. Coffees ever since the last of January last. Coffees ever since the last of January last. Coffees weak but unchanged. We are still of the opinion and it looks now as if the recent advance would be almost if not entirely lost. Refineds have declined ½@¾ cts in the east and raws of ¼@¾. Strictly prime molasses and standard syrups are held firmly at full prices. Rice firm. Foreign Fruits quiet.

COFFEE—Fancy Rio, 19; Prime, 18; Good, 17; Fair, 16¾; Roasting, 16@16¾.

SUGAR AND DRUGS—White Honey, 22; Mayenger & Elders, 22; Silver Drips, 60; Lovering, 65; other grades, 55@58.

MOLASSES—Choice New Orleans, 11¾; prime, 11¼ good, 10¾; fully fair, 10½; Porto Rico Sugary, 10½@11⅛; Cuba, 10@11; Demarara, 11¾@12¾.

REFINED SUGARS—Hard Sugars, 14; A Coffee, 13; "B," 12¾; Extra C, 12¾; C, yellow, 12¾; Molasses—new Orleans, choice, 70; prime, 68; good, 65.

TEAS—Fancy Young Hyson, $1 40; Good, $1 20; Fair to Low Lower grades down to 70cts. $1 10 Fair to Low Lower grades down to 70cts. G. P. Fancy, $1 50; good, $1 25; fair, $1 10; Imperial Fancy, $1 40; good, $1 25; fair, $1; Gunpowder Fancy, $1 25; good, 90cts; fair, 80@90c; Oolong Fancy, $1 20; good, 90c; fair, 70@80c, Japan Fancy, $1; good, 90c; fair, 75c.

RICE—Choice Carolina, 10c; prime, 9¾@9¾; good, 9c.

SPICES—Grain Pepper, 22c. Pimento, 17c. Cloves, 30c. Cassia, 55c.

FOREIGN FRUITS—Currants, 11¾@12 cents. Figs, 15c. Valencia Raisins, 13c. Layer Prunes, $3.00 per box.

Raisins are scarce and higher; we are reporting sales from country wagons at $1.50@2 per box, as to quality. Baled is being sold on time as to quality.

HAY—Is scarce and higher; we are reporting sales from country wagons at $15@21 per ton, as to quality. Baled is being sold on time as to quality, what at $16@18.

HIDES—Quoted at 2¾@3¾ cts.

HAMS—Is canvassed sugar cured hams, 15, clear sides, 11; canvassed sugar cured 15 canvassed. Breakfast Bacon, 14 plain and 15 canvassed. Lard, Dried Beef, 18@19, plain and canvassed. Lard, Dried Beef, 18@19, plain and canvassed. Lard, 11¾@11¾ in tcs, and 12¾@12¾ in buckets and kegs. Mess Pork, $20.

SIDES—Green salted (all weights) 10¾@11¾; green butchers' (now and steer) 12¾@13¾; green salted 6¾@7¾; do calf, 16@18 Dry-salted 6¾@7¾; do calf, 16@18 Dry.

HEMP—Rough Kentucky, $175 per ton; dressed, 14 cts per lb.

LIME—Sales of Cleveland at $2.35 per bbl and eastern at $1.75.

MAPLE SYRUP—We can report regular sales at $1.50@1.70, in gallon jugs, as to quality.

MILL FEED—Sales from store, in a jobbing way, at $1.00@1.50 for Bran; $1.65@1.85 for Middlings and $2.50 for oil meal.

OILS—Lard Oil is still quoted at 93@95 for No. 1. Linseed, $1.00@1.05.

POULTS—Sales cedar posts at 45@50 cts each.

PRA NUTS—Higher, 9¾@10 cts.

PROVISIONS—Hams, no shoulders, 7¾; sugar cured canvassed do, 10½; ribbed sides, 10; clear sides, 9¾; shoulders, 6¾.

PUTATOES—The receipts of Lake Shore Peach Blows, are comparatively light, and while there is no advance in prices, the market is a shade firmer; we quote in a jobbing way at $1.25@1.30. Western are being sold off the way from $1.00@1.15, as to quality.

POULTRY—Live Chickens in fair demand with sales by the coop at 70@80 cts per pair.

SEEDS—There is little or no inquiry for either Clover or Timothy Seeds and the season may be regarded as over. Flaxseed is scarce and wanted—may be quoted firm at $2.30@2.35.

SOAP—Sales 30@35 cts; Chemical, Yellow, 7¾; Crampton's, 10; Wax, 8; Babbitts, 11; Woman's Friend, 9¾; Dobbins, 14¾; Kitchen Crystal, 10¾; Colgate's Palm, $4.75.

SUMAC—Sales Tennessee Sumac at 4¾ cts.

TALLOW—Sales Kentucky willows at 10 cts.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, May 19, 1871.

We have no change to note in the tone of the metal market during the past week. The demand has been light—confined to such lots as are required to keep up mixtures in the respective mills, and prices have been well maintained. The dullness reported in the bar iron trade continues with little if any change, and metal market is not to be expected. This is well understood, and hence no concessions of price are made for the purpose of increasing sales. A "masterly inactivity" seems to be the policy of both furnace and mill owners at present, neither willing to give way in prices, and both expecting the easy money market both east and west to improve the very general condition of growing crops, to produce a steady and renumerative business during the balance of the season.

COKE.

50 tons Red Bank	$35.00 4 mos
ANTHRACITE.	
20 tons No. 1 Foundry	$37.50 4 mos
100 " Glendale Forge, at Furnace	34.00 4 mos
50 " No. 2 Foundry from Yard	34.00 4 mos
20 " No. 1 Extra Foundry Yard, 30.50 cash	

BITUMINOUS COAL, SHIPPED FROM LAKE SUPERIOR ORE.

50 tons Medium Gray Red Short	
Furnace	$33.00 6 mos
50 " No. 1 Gray Red Short at Furnace	35.00 4 mos
50 " Medium Gray Red Short at Furnace	33.00 4 mos
100 " Gray Forge	34.00 4 mos
50 " Gray Forge	34.00 4 mos
20 " Strictly Gray Forge	35.00 4 mos

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, May 19, 1871.

FLOUR—Firm and unchanged.

WHEAT—No. 2 spring quiet and 1c better; $1.29¾ cash; $1.29 June; $1.28⅜ July; this P. M. steady at $1.28¾ June; $1.29 cash and May.

CORN—Active and 1@1½c lower; No. 2 mixed closed quiet and steady at 35¾c cash or May; this P. M. steady at 35¾@35¾c for May; 35¾@35¾c for May; 34¾c for July.

OATS—No. 2 quiet and ¼c lower at 34c.

RYE—Dull at 86@86½c.

BARLEY—Dull and nominal at 86c.

HIGH WINES—Firm at 85c.

MESS PORK—$15.75@15.87½ cash; $15.50@15.62½ June; $16 July.

LARD—10c cash; 10¼c June and 10¾@10¾c July.

HOGS—Dull at $3.75@4.

New York.

NEW YORK, May 19.—Cotton; active and advanced, middling uplands 15¾c. Flour firm, superfine western and State $5.75@6.00; common to medium $6.15@6.35; good to choice $6.35@6.90; white western extra $6.95@7.75; Ohio extra $6.70@7.00; St. Louis $6.35@9.00; five flour and corn meal steady. Whisky quiet at 90@93c. Wheat opened firm, but closed dull, new spring to arrive next week, $1.55@1.55½; spot $1.54½@1.55; No. 1 white $1.55@1.56; white western $1.70@1.82; Rye, barley and malt quiet. Corn opened firm, but closed dull; western mixed 76½@77½c; yellow 77½@78c; oats firm, western and Ohio 66@72c. Hay and Hops quiet. Coffee steady; Rio 19½@20c. Sugar steady; Cuba 9¼@10c; molasses steady; Cuba 30@41c. Rice 8¾@9¾c. Crude petroleum 24½c. Pork steady and in moderate demand; mess pork 16.00; prime pork $14.00@15.00; prime mess new $15.50@15.00; June and July $16.00@16.50. Beef—Extra mess 10@11; extra 14c; hams 26c; prime mess 24@26c; India 28@29c. Cutmeats—Scarce and in demand, pickled hams 11@12c; shoulders 6¾@7c; middles lower. Lard; prime steam 9¾@10c; kettle dried 11c; June 10c; July 10¼c. Butter and cheese steady and unchanged.

Latest.—Flour steady; $6.15@6.45 shipping, $6.70@7.00 trade. Wheat dull; new spring $1.56@1.57; red and amber $1.65@1.67. Corn dull; western mixed 76@76c. Lard quiet; August 11¾c. Eggs firmer 18c.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, May 19.—The market continues without much animation, as is customary this season, yet prices for most staple fabrics remain steady at 12c for best makes. Standard sheeting; 11½c for Atlantic H, Pacific extra and Laman E; 11c for Cabot A; 9¾c for Great Falls S; Pepperell O, fine, 10¼c; 8¾c for Pocasset Canoe; 12¾c for Lonsdale; 12¾c for Pepperell; 11c for Nashaweg cottons; 11c for Amoskeag B blue denims; 12¾c for Hayward; 10¾@11¾c for Bates X bleached muslins; 10c for Masonville do; 10c for Fruit of the Loom; 11c for Cabot A; 13c for Warren F F; 13c for Waterous cottons; 15¾c for Wallham 42-inch; 22½c for 6-4 do; 32½c for 9-4 do; 37½c for 10-4 do; 39c for Wamsutta muslins; 21c for New York Mills; 17½c for Park Mills checks; 20c for Hamilton ticks; 26 for Pearl River do; for Pittsfield do; and printed calicos, 10@11c, as to style and make.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, May 19.—Cotton active and advanced; middling 15¾@15¾c. Flour firm; family $6.00@7.00. Wheat firm, $1.48@1.50. Corn heavy; receipts depress the market, 59@59c. Rye quiet and unchanged, $1.08@1.10. Oats quiet and unchanged. Barley dull and drooping. $1.00@1.10. Provisions unchanged and steady. Oils unchanged. Eggs firm, 16c. Butter quiet and weak, 20@25c. Cheese quiet and unchanged; factory 14@16c. Pork quiet and weak, $18.50. Lard quiet; kettle 10¾c. Bulk meats dull and a shade lower; shoulders 6¾@6¾c; clear rib sides 9¾c nominally. Bacon dull and a shade lower; shoulders 7c; sides clear rib 8¾c; clear sides 9¾c. Whisky steady and in moderate demand, 88c.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, May 19.—Tobacco very stiff; sales of 265 hhds of lugs at 4@5c; low to medium leaf, $6.50@12. Cotton firm; light stock middling, 15c. Flour quiet and firm; extra family held at $6.25@6.50. Grain quiet and firm. Wheat in demand at $1.50; receipts very light. corn in light demand; shelled, sacked, 68c. Oats quiet at 62¾c. Rye firm at 1.00. sacked. Provisions dull; sales of 300 bbls of mess pork at $17. Hams, sugar cured, declined 1@1½c for packed. Lard, 11@12¾c. Bulk meats, loose, 6¾@6¾c. Bacon, packed, 7¾@9¾@9¾c. Whisky quiet and firm at 88c.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, May 19.—Flour firm; Indiana and Ohio, at $6.75@7.50. Wheat firm; red western $1.57@1.62. Rye $1.01. Corn firm; yellow 77@78c; mixed western 73@76c. Oats 64@66c. Provisions dull and unchanged. Petroleum crude, 17¾c; Refined 24¾c. Whisky dull at 92¾@93.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, May 19.—Flour firm. Wheat dull and a shade lower; No 1 white Michigan $1.58; amber do $1.46¾; No 1 red Wabash $1.46¾; No 2 do held at $1.35. Corn dull and a shade lower; high mixed 59c; low do 58. White 60c. Oats a shade better; No 1 57¾c; No 2 56c; Michigan 56¾c.

Nashville.

NASHVILLE, May 19.—Cotton firmer; low middling 16c; stock, twelve hundred bales. Bacon firmer; clear sides 10c. Hams 12c. Shoulders 7¾c. Sugar cured hams 16c. Lard 12c. Corn 70c. Oats 70c. Flour $5.25 to $8.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, May 19.—Flour firm and unchanged. Wheat in fair demand, but at lower rates; No 2 $1.28; No 1 $1.32¾. Oats: No 2 advancing; 50c. Corn: No 2 mixed weak; 56c. Rye: No 1 weak; 87½c.

Detroit.

DETROIT, May 19.—Wheat dull and drooping at yesterday's quotations; No. 1 extra $1.50; do white $1.49. Corn and Oats unchanged. Potatoes 95c.

Cotton Markets.

NEW ORLEANS, May 19.—Cotton steady at 15⅜@15¾c.

CHARLESTON, May 19.—Cotton quiet at 15¼@15¾c.

MOBILE, May 19.—Cotton dull at 15@15½c.

GALVESTON, May 19.—Cotton firm; good ordinary 13@13¾c.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY, May 19.—*Through.*—Gormley & W. 50 bxs cake; Fleming, A & Co, 422 bxs tin; B L Fahnestock & Co, 17 pkgs drugs; Krumm & B, 25 bxs raisins, 50 do grocries; J H Lippincott, 50 bxs fruit, 20 do oil; H E Sellers & Co, 23 bxs drugs; Johnston & Colvin, 50 bxs fruit and 50 bxs tobacco; Kiser & Seandrett, 3 bbls whisky, 1 bx mineral water; E & C Maginn, 7 pkgs confections; J H Sneathen & Co, 5 bbls fish; Carr, McC. & Co, 5 bxs drugs; Freeman & B, 20 bbls c wine; J S Finch & Co, 30 bbls whisky; Gregg, Son & Co, 1 bx shoes; W H Howard & Co, 50 bbls oil; *H Harley*, 145 pkgs tea; Hend & H, 16 bgs rice; H T James, 10 bxs fruit; Lueble Bro, 6 bags coffee; Lemon & Weise, 3 bbls whisky; Seghmyer & V, 10 bags rice; Woodworth & D, 1 wagon; Langcorn & S, 12 bxs raisins; Rodelheimer & H, 4 bbls whisky.

Allegheny City.—W Semple, 8 bales d goods; H P Schwartz & Co, 16 bxs drugs; J Kohen, 31 pkgs mdse; Dunlap & S, 2 bales d goods, 2 rolls carpet; Boggs & B, 2 bxs mdse; A P Armstrong, 3 bxs tea, 1 do cigars; A W Erwin & Co, 1 bx d goods; C & J Painting, 5 bags coffee; F Meyer, 1 bx shoes; McCracken & Co, 4 bxs mdse; A Ortlieb & Co, 3 bxs groceries; H S Lutz, 2 bxs drugs; Beggs & Lindsay, 25 blocks marble.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD COMPANY, May 19.—*Local.*—Shoenberger, B & Co; 1 do do, Bryan, C Meakels; 100 bbls potatoes, Voigt, Mahler & Co; 1 car lumber, Union Planning Mill; 1 do do, Connellsville Gas Coal Co; 1 do do, W F Richardson; 1 do do, G A Mondorf; 2 do do, P RR Co; 1 car iron ore, Brown & Musgrave; 3 do do, Reese, Graff & Co; 1 do do, Dravo, Doyle & Co; 2 do do, Union Iron Mills; 1 car do, Zug & Co; 5 bbls wine, Speck & Morrow; 1 cask do, I bx bacon, P Duff & Son; 2 bxs do, W H Davis; 1 bx do, Schoen & Wagner, Bennett; 152 pcs s pipe, H H Collins; 17 pcs tile, W B Scafe; 2 bxs cheese, W H Graff; 1 bx do, J Jenkins; 1 keg do, J Schmidt; 1 bx do, Thompson & Co; 1 keg do, Hamilton & Co; 2 bxs do, Hamilton & Co; 49 bbls eggs, 20 pkgs butter, 100 bbls flour, 15 bbls tobacco, Clarke & Co.

MORGANTOWN PER WEST VIRGINIA.—50 sks wheat, G H Moore; 121 sks wheat, S Hamilton; 283 do, W D Cooper & Co; 67 sks wheat, Marshall & Co; 50 do do, S H Floyd & Co; 74 sks oats, 25 do wheat, J B Holley; 2 coops chickens, McCracken Bro; 40 bales hay, S R Patterson; 300 ft lumber, C King.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, May 19.—1 car wooden ware, Freeman & Berger; 16 bdles, J Stuckrath & Co; 2 bxs leather, Graham & S; 57 sheep, J Hoffman; 25 sks wheat, A Welsh & Co; 45 sks wheat, 14 do rye, Scott & Lloyd; 10 sks wheat, Norton & Co; 20 sks do, 2 do wheat, Adams & Knox; 40 do do, Marshall, K & Co; 2 bxs butter, W H Kirkpatrick & Co; 10 bbls glue, F W Schmertz; 1 pkg merchandise, R & Co; 26 do do, Armstrong, D & Co; 1 bbl eggs, 1 do butter, L J Blanchard; 41 pkgs eggs, 5 bbls rice, Dilworth, Evans, D & Co; 90 bales wagon, J Haworth; 35 bxs raisins, 4 bbls currants; Rinehart & S, 3 casks rice; J A Renshaw, 5 bbls oranges; Kennedy, Irwin & Co, 5 bbls d fruit; Arbuckles & Co, 35 bxs soap; Geo H Anderson, 1 bx leather; S H Baird, 1 do do; Cowper & Co, 5 bbls fish; Carr, McC. & Co, 1 bx d goods; Freeman & B, 20 bbls c wine; J S Finch & Co, 30 bbls whisky; Gregg, Son & Co, 1 bx shoes; W H Howard & Co, 50 bbls oil; *H Harley*, 145 pkgs tea; Hend & H, 16 bgs rice; H T James, 10 bxs fruit; Lueble Bro, 6 bags coffee; Lemon & Weise, 3 bbls whisky; Seghmyer & V, 10 bags rice; Woodworth & D, 1 wagon; Langcorn & S, 12 bxs raisins; Rodelheimer & H, 4 bbls whisky.

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RIVER NEWS.

The river is again receding at this point with 4 feet 6 inches in the channel last evening. Weather continues clear and pleasant.

The Argosy, from Wheeling, and Carrie Brooke, from Zanesville, arrived.

The Granite State departed for Portsmouth.

The Brooks returns to Zanesville to-day, leaving at 4 P. M.

The Lorena is filling up steadily for St. Louis, and the Belle Vernon is announced for the Upper Mississippi.

Capt. M. A. Cox has gone to New Orleans on some private business, and during his absence Capt. W. W. Auld will have charge of the Bill Boats in port last evening: Lorena, Belle Vernon, Exchange, Carrie Brooks and Messenger.

Capt. John Wolfe, an old steamboatman, but who for several years past has been engaged in developing oil territory, in the Venango regions, was in town the other day. We are glad to learn that he is interested in several good producing wells.

—A Memphis special to the Cincinnati *Commercial* gives the following report of the collision between the St. Francis and Potomac: The steamer St. Francis, which left here last evening for the Arkansia River, collided with the Potomac shortly after 1 o'clock this morning, a short distance above Clark's Upper Tow Head, 50 miles below this city. The bow of the Potomac struck the guard of the St. Francis on the larboard side directly opposite the fore-part of derrick, cutting into the hull and stripping the guard back to the cook house. The only injury done to the Potomac was the loss of her jack staff. No lives were lost, and the officers of the St. Francis reported themselves in no need of assistance. The Potomoud met the injured boat 30 miles below the scene pursuing her trip in apparent good order. James Lee was the pilot on watch of the Potomac's wheel; she arrived here at sunrise this day's out from New Orleans.

—The Memphis *Appeal* says: "The city government of Memphis, instead of applying one-fourth of the wharf receipts to the receipts to the repairs of the levee, as the ordinance directs, uses the full amount of the wharfage rates for the benefit of the city government, while large property-holders are permitted to remain on the delinquent list. If the Mayor will follow the ordinance, which says that one-fourth of the revenue of the wharfage tax shall be set aside and appropriated especially to the repairs of the levee, the wharf and landing, much can be done this summer in grading and enlarging the wharf space and grade the front-looking bluffs of piles of dirt."

—An Evansville dispatch, under date of Wednesday, says: The Satsuma came in at 7 head at the head of French Island yesterday morning, and ran through herself. She was docked at the head of Schiffkerr's Island for repairs. Her machinery is being repaired here.

—We learn that Mr. J. O. Durll, formerly of the *Appeal*, and the *Avalanche*, has taken charge of the reportorial department of the Memphis *Appeal*. Mr. English has been compelled to retire on account of bad health.

—The iron steamer John T. Moore made her last trip from New Orleans to Shreveport, distance 300 miles, days 15 hours and 55 minutes, attending also to way business.

—The Hawkeye, with two barges of oil, for St. Louis, passed by Cincinnati on Wednesday, as did also the Feerless, en route for Pittsburgh with a tow of empty barges.

—The time of the Ida Rees, from Grand River to Fort Benton, was 14 days, only. It is said that the run is the quickest ever made on the same track.

—The Mollie Ebert is not coming to Pittsburgh as reported some days ago. She will return to New Orleans from Cincinnati.

—Captain White contemplates making a few trips between New Orleans and Louisville shortly, with the Katie.

—It is stated that the Belle Lee made $34,000 this season in the Memphis and New Orleans trade.

—Jerry Whitten and Lon Ferguson are the Brill's pilots.

OILS, COOPERAGE, &c.

ECLIPSE

Petroleum Refinery.

SPECIALTY.

Lubricating Oils,

Manufactured by Superheated Steam in Vacuo, under Dr. Tweddle's Patent.

HERBERT W. C. TWEDDLE,

Office, 174 WOOD STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Works at Aladdin, Armstrong Co., Pa. de7-156

Warden, Frew & Co.

OFFICES:

111 WALNUT STREET, Philadelphia.
SEVENTH & DUQUESNE WAY, Pittsb'gh.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS IN

PETROLEUM.

Warehouse, Point Breeze, Schuylkill River, Philadelphia.

Consignments of Crude and Refined Oil solicited. Advances made on consignments.

W. W. McCLELLAND,

(SUCCESSORS TO ARTHUR KIRK.)

No. 230 LIBERTY and 175 WOOD ST.,

MANUFACTURER

Lamps, Lamp Goods, Chandeliers, Hall Lamps, Table Glassware, &c.

LUBRICATING, CARBON & HEAD LIGHT OILS,

apl PITTSBURGH, PA.

Logan Bros. & Co.,

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EIGHTH AND DUQUESNE WAY, PITTSB'G,

Commission Merchants in

PETROLEUM.

Warehouses: Delaware River, terminus of the Pennsylvania Railroad. Liberal cash advances made on consignments. no8all

W. H. HOWARD & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Lard and Lubricating

OILS,

Of all Grades.

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Tack, Bro. & Co.,

PERRY BUILDING,

Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh.

DEALERS IN

Crude & Refined Petroleum.

TACK BROS.,

Philadelphia.

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WARING & KING,

Commission Merchants and Brokers in

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DALZELL'S BLOCK, DUQUESNE WAY.

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WARING, KING & CO.,

apl5 169 WALNUT STREET.

Burke & Wood,

Brokers in Petroleum, Cooperage, &c.,
Perry's Building, Duquesne Way.

Philadelphia Office: C. C. BURKE, 101 Walnut street.

M. EDWARDS,

Dealer in Petroleum,

INSPECTOR OF CRUDE OILS.

OFFICE—

HOME NEWS.

Three cases in the Lawrenceville lock-up yesterday morning.

Letters Retained for Postage, May 19.—Henderson, J. W. Fort Wayne Ind., Ie. Humpyer, Jno., Tylersville, Pa.

Moorhead, tried last week at Greensburg for splitting his father's head open with a hatchet, was acquitted on the ground of insanity. A convenient and often used plea.

Surety of the Peace—Mary Dufley appeared before Alderman Thomas yesterday and charged Patrick Dufley with surety of the peace. The suit was afterward withdrawn at the cost of defendant.

New Engine House—The Committee on Fire Engines and Hose of the Allegheny Councils have purchased the lot in the rear of the Grant Engine House, on which it is intended to erect a new engine house.

A bevy of female students, conning their lessons on the shady side-steps of one of our colleges, rehearsed in the hearing of our notetaker the following: "white silk lace," "two yard blue ribbon," "horrible bonnet," &c., &c.

Alleged Larceny.—An information was made before Alderman Bowden, of Allegheny yesterday, charging Ellen Sayers and Sadie Williams with stealing four dollars from the till of Carson's saloon in Allegheny. The parties were arrested.

American Protestant Association.—The D. D. G. M. of the A. P. A. of this section of the State has called a meeting of the subordinate lodges in this vicinity, to be held to-morrow, in order to take some action in regard to taking part in the ceremonies of a Decoration Day. A full attendance is expected.

Sent to the Work House—George Neese was committed to the Work House yesterday for sixty days by Deputy Mayor Nichols. He was charged with disorderly conduct. He affected insanity while in the station house, but Officer Rivers, who knew him, was convinced that he was of sound mind.

Forcible Entry.—J. P. Swaney, of the Twelfth ward, appeared before Alderman Moreland yesterday and made information against Matthew Campbell and Frederick Smith, charging him with forcible entry and detainer. It appears that the accused came to Swaney's house, and with a hatchet and an ax broke open a trap door under his dining room. A warrant was issued.

Bold Robbery.—Daniel Keefin made oath before Mayor Brush yesterday morning, charging William Collver with larceny. The prosecutor alleges that he was taking a sleep in his room, in a saloon in the Diamond, and was awakened by feeling some one trying to take his breast pin off. He jumped up and caught the man, but was unable to hold him, and he escaped, carrying with him a watch valued at $30 and the breast-pin, valued at $5. A warrant was issued.

From the liberal support extended to the *Real Estate Register* by our merchants and real estate owners, we are compelled to think it is appreciated. The low subscription price (one dollar per year) for a weekly paper of forty columns, should bring it before every man, from the poorest to the wealthiest of our citizens. If you are not now a subscriber, become one at once. You will not regret the investment. Office opposite the Postoffice. Get a copy and judge for yourself. 2

Generous Gift.—The princely sum of one hundred and fifty dollars was raised in a few hours yesterday by friends on Duquesne Way and presented to Mrs. Thomas Weaver, whose husband died the day previous, leaving her with three young children in destitute circumstances. The gift was a generous one, and an evidence of the esteem in which the men, Mr. Weaver was buried yesterday afternoon by the Odd Fellows, of which he was a member in very good standing.

The Butcher's Run Outrage.—In yesterday's paper we stated that Henry Falhaber had been charged before Mayor Callow with committing an outrage on the person of a little girl named Emma Andrew. The accused had a hearing before Mayor Callow yesterday. The girl reiterated her statement, and other testimony was given to the effect that the girl had been spending the evening at the house of Falhaber's parents, and that at her solicitation he accompanied her home. The accused is not more than sixteen years of age. He was required to give bail in $1,000 to answer at Court.

Before Justice Keenan—A fight occurred between two men named Henry Wager and Frank Hogle in Mullen's saloon, Birmingham. In the struggle, it is alleged that Wager roughly handled, he alleging that Wagner bit him through his lip. The defendent was arrested in default of bail. He also was instituted a cross suit for assault and battery.

John Cressingham, of South Pittsburgh, also made an information against James Johnston of this city. It is alleged that Johnston bit a large piece of flesh from the cheek of Cressingham. Johnston was arrested and held for hearing.

Aquatic—Yesterday afternoon a skiff race took place in the Allegheny river. The oarsmen were Messrs. Cole and Robert Fulton, matched against Thomas Cole, for a purse of five dollars. The distance to run was from the blind street bridge to the point and back to return. The betting was two to one on Cole and few were taken at the odds. At five minutes to three o'clock, the word was given to go. Cole immediately, took the lead and kept it to the end, winning an easy victory. He made the run in six minutes, considered pretty good time. Fulton and Tendaw pulled splendidly, but gave up the contest when within fifty yards of the buoy on the home stretch. The oil men will have to look outside of the city for a competitor worthy to measure oars with Tommy Cole.

That Arch.

The Triumphal Arch on Fifth avenue, under which marched with music and song the glad German hosts a few days ago, has been removed, and now the attraction for pedestrians in that locality is the elegant display of goods in the windows of Uring, Folianshae & Co., the great merchant tailoring establishment of Pittsburgh. Call there, young gentlemen, and procure your spring and summer raiment.

Escaped Prisoners Recaptured.

Michael Bradford, one of the parties that escaped from the Work House recently, and two other parties, were arrested and taken to the lock-up last night. It appears that they had taken up their quarters in a hay loft in the rear of a lot on Webster avenue, between Miles and Tunnell streets, and had in a large supply of paving stones. When the police visited the rendezvous, they resisted vigorously, but with their paving-stone ammunition and with pitchforks, and were captured after an entrance had been effected through the roof. They will have a hearing this morning.

Feast of Song.

Two of the finest choirs in Pittsburgh, that of Fifth avenue Methodist and of Christ Methodist Episcopal church, have arranged to give a union concert on Tuesday evening next, May 23d, in the Fifth avenue Church. These choirs comprise some of the best talent in this country, and the pieces selected for the coming concert are of the most popular character. The object is to benefit young men now preparing for the ministry. The singers volunteer their services, and it will afford a large portion of Pittsburg people to contribute to such an end, and to share in such a rich festival of music. Let there be a crowded house.

Prisoners Taken Over.

Deputy Sheriff George W. Frick, of Westmoreland county, yesterday conveyed to the Western Penitentiary, three prisoners recently tried and convicted in that county. John Story, convicted of rape, sentenced for nine years; Alexander Bemis, convicted of burning Mr. Overholt's barn at West Overton, three years, and J. W. Gibson, for horse-stealing, three years. Gibson, who belonged to a regularly organized band of horse thieves located in Indiana county, had already served eleven years in the Penitentiary, having been twice before convicted of the same offense. At the conclusion of this term he will have served the State as a shoe maker 14 years.

General Synod of the Reformed Presbyterian Church.

The General Synod of the Reformed Presbyterian Church in North America—met in Philadelphia, on Wednesday evening. After singing and prayer the annual sermon was delivered by Rev. Dr. McLeod, of New York, from John III. 30: "He must increase." The Synod is composed of seven Presbyteries, and its jurisdiction extends over the whole of the United States and Canada. The last session was held in Cincinnati, Ohio, May, 1870.

At the close of the religious services, synod adjourned to meet on Thursday morning, at ten o'clock.

SECOND DAY.

Synod met at ten o'clock on Thursday morning, and was opened with prayer, after which certificates of delegations were read by the Clerk.

Proceeded to the election of officers. Rev. A. Thompson was elected Moderator, and Rev. J. N. McLeod D. D., Clerk. Rev. N. Woodside was elected Assistant Clerk.

The minutes of the last session of the General Synod were then read by the Clerk, after which the Synod adjourned to meet in the afternoon.

Declined.

Our genial and accomplished friend Josiah Cohen, Esq., we understand, has refused to allow his name to be used in the canvass for the State Senatorship. His reason for so doing is, that since the new apportionment allows Allegheny county three Senators, the natural division of the county into three distinct geographical sections would seem to indicate that each of these sections should be honored with one Senator. The North, the South and the Middle districts, are the natural divisions, and as Mr. C. resides in the Middle district which is now represented by Senator Anderson, he is unwilling to contest for the position outside of his district. By his declining, the fields are left unoccupied by Mr. Graham, from the North and Mr. Humphreys from the South Side. We are glad that Mr. Cohen and his friends have taken this liberal and just view of the situation, as it prevents, what might have been a bitter contest and places the party under additional obligations to him, which will no doubt be appreciated and properly noticed at some future time. We like to notice such unselfish acts as this, as it tends very much to secure in the party the perfect harmony, while it stamps its author as a high-toned and worthy gentleman.

Before Alderman Strain.

Henry Conrad entered suit before Alderman Strain yesterday against C. H. Clifton for false pretenses. Conrad alleges that Clifton sold him a galvanic battery, for which he paid the sum of $25, Clifton alleging that the battery was a good one. It appeared afterwards, when the battery was tried that it was useless. The accused was arrested and held for a hearing.

James Ruttiger, before the same magistrate, charged Thomas Sneathen with stealing his battery. The parties board at the same house, and it appears that they got into a dispute at the supper table when Sneathen knocked Ruttiger down and beat him. Held for a hearing.

T. O'Rourke and Ross Reed were charged with larceny on information made by Peter O'Neill. The defendants had been doing some painting for Mr. O'Neill, and the latter alleges that they carried away from his house a box of jewelry. The accused were arrested, and in default of $400 bail each were committed to jail for a hearing.

Henry Flinn was charged with assault and battery. James Pyatt alleged that Henry struck him with a cart whip, knocking him down. The parties live in the Eighth ward. Held for a hearing.

QUADRENNIAL GATHERING.

Methodist General Conference—Third Day's Proceedings.

Conference met, President Pierpont in the chair. Religious services by W. R. Parsons, of the Ohio Conference.

Roll called and minutes read and approved.

H. B. Knight read the action of the Commissioners appointed by the last General Conference on the removal of Book Concern. Referred to proper Committee.

The President announced the following Committee on Church Extension: W. H. Jordan, M. V. B. Evans, R. A. Bathurst, J. W. Rush and W. Hawkins.

On motion of H. B. Knight, the Committee of Ministerial Education were requested to recommend "Non-Episcopal Methodism" as a standard for ministers preparing for the ministry.

C. Gray moved that the Conference vote be taken hereafter by tiers rock, instead of by the lifted hand. Lost.

Wm. Collier presented several proposed amendments to the Constitution and Discipline, which were referred to the Committee on Discipline.

The question being asked whether the Secretary of a Quarterly Conference should be necessarily a member of a church, the President decided in the negative. His decision was sustained by a vote of the Conference.

On motion of N. R. Swift, a committee of three was appointed on Church statistics, A. H. Bassett, H. C. Hamilton, J. M. Johnson composed the committee.

W. B. Watkins, Presiding Elder of Steubenville District, M. E. Church, and J. L. Simpson, of Morgantown, were introduced and invited to honorary seats.

MINISTERIAL APPOINTMENTS FOR SABBATH.

J. D. Herr, Chairman of the Committee on Pulpit Appointments for to-morrow (Sabbath), reported as follows:

First Methodist Church, Pittsburgh—Morning, W. R. Parsons; 2 o'clock, Children's Jubilee, J. T. Murray, F. H. Pierpont, T. J. Finch; evening, A. Webster.

Second Methodist Church, Pittsburgh—Morning, H. Ure; evening, A. W. Motz.

Third Methodist Church, Pittsburgh—Morning, T. B. Graham; evening, J. T. Murray.

First Methodist Church, Allegheny—Morning, A. Webster; evening, John Burns.

Second Methodist Church, Allegheny—Morning, J. H. Hamilton; evening, C. Gray.

Bellevue Methodist Church—Morning and evening, H. Stackhouse.

Elizabeth Methodist Church—Morning and evening, W. P. Gaddis.

Connellsville Methodist Church—Morning, Evan Scott.

Sharpsburg Methodist Church—Morning and evening, E. A. Wheat.

New Brighton Methodist Church—Morning, E. S. Hoagland; evening, W. Moore.

Birmingham Methodist Church—Morning, M. V. B. Evans; evening, J. H. Robinson.

Christ Methodist Episcopal Church, Pittsburgh—Morning, Alexander Clark; evening, M. V. B. Evans.

Liberty street Methodist Episcopal Church—Morning, W. H. Jordan; evening, J. S. Thrap.

Temperanceville Methodist Episcopal Church—Morning, W. Ramsbury; evening, W. Bakewell.

Union Methodist Episcopal Church, Allegheny—Morning, J. C. Luce; evening, J. H. Hamilton.

East Birmingham M. E. Church—Morning, Asa Mahan; evening, J. C. Ogle.

Smithfield M. E. Church, Pittsburgh—Morning, C. Gray; evening, J. L. Simpson.

Centenary M. E. Church, Pittsburgh—Morning, S. M. Louden; evening, W. Bennett.

Trinity M. M. Church, Pittsburgh—Morning, J. S. Thrap; evening, W. Hudleston.

Butler Street M. E. Church, Pittsburgh—Morning, J. J. Smith; evening, J. Kost.

Emory M. E. Church, East Liberty—Morning, J. Kost.

South Common M. E. Church, Allegheny—Morning, J. J. Smith; evening, J. Smith.

North Avenue M. E. Church, Allegheny—Morning, Geo. R. Mellroy.

Beaver Street M. E. Church—Morning, J. M. Flood.

Mount Washington M. E. Church—Morning, R. A. Bathurst; evening, L. C. Pace.

Braddock's Field M. E. Church—Morning and evening, W. McFarland.

Ashbury Chapel M. E. Church, Pittsburgh—Morning, J. H. Robinson; evening, N. R. Swift.

Simpson Church M. E. Church—Morning, J. W. Spring; evening, W. L. Baker.

South Pittsburgh M. E. Church—Morning, J. L. Simpson; evening, S. B. Smith.

Ames M. E. Church, Pittsburgh—Morning, L. C. Pace.

Brown's Chapel, A. M. E. Church—Morning J. B. Walker. Evening, A. H. Bessett.

Shadyside Presbyterian Church—Evening, Alex Clark.

Cumberland Presbyterian Church—Morning, H. B. Knight; evening, J. H. Hull.

Baptist South Pittsburgh—Morning, S. B. Smith.

Bloomfield Presbyterian Church—Morning and evening, B. R. Smith.

Evergreen Methodist Church—3 o'clock P. M.—J. B. Walker.

Young Men's Home, Duquesne Way—Evening, S. P. Hale.

Messiah Lutheran Church—Evening, G. B. McElroy.

Mechlintock's School House, Allegheny—Evening, H. B. Knight.

County Prison—3 A. M., W. M. Kerr.

Fulton Street Church—Rev. M. A. S. Bradford, morning and evening.

First English Lutheran Church, Allegheny—Morning, A. Stein; evening, J. C. Luce.

Beaver Falls—S. M. Gentry.

Adjourned until two o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Conference resumed business at two o'clock, religious services being conducted by Rev. M. V. B. Evans.

Rev. Wm. Kerr presented a paper accompanied by resolutions from the North Carolina Conference removing all distinction between travelling and local preachers, and the recognition of all Elders in the Church as members of the annual conferences. Referred to Committee on Legislation.

Dr. Collier offered a resolution that the Sixth street M. E. Church and Smithfield should be connected with the Pittsburgh Conference till such time as said church shall elect to resume its connection with the Erie Annual Conference. Referred to Committee on Boundaries.

On motion it was decided to have social meetings the first three evenings of next week—Sacrament on Monday, Love feast on Tuesday, general meeting for addresses on Wednesday.

Adjourned until this morning at 9 o'clock.

THE ALLEGHENY LIBRARY.

The Old Trouble Revived—Shall It Be Removed from City Hall—Meeting Last Night—What Is Proposed.

Last night there was a large meeting of the friends of the Allegheny Library, held in the Library room to consider the question of removal from the city building, which it is feared will be necessitated by the action of the City Councils, the room being needed for city offices.

Mr. Leggate was called to the chair and Col. L. B. Duff chosen Secretary.

The chair stated the object of the meeting, and gave a brief history of the Library. He stated that about six years ago the city had a vacant room in the city building which had been offered by Councils to any company of responsible parties who would agree to be accepted and resulted in the library. He further stated that the library had at present only about 200 members, leaving because they thought Councils would compel the library to vacate the room, and that the list of membership was rapidly falling off from this reason. He then called on the gentlemen present to give their views on the matter.

Mr. C. C. Shaw suggested that the Library be placed in the hands of the city, and request them to establish the room as a free one, supplied by it, and that the city should pay all the expenses of the Library, and then throw it open free to the citizens. He thought that the City Council would accept the suggestion, and that it would meet with the approval of the citizens.

Mr. Duff moved that a committee of seven be appointed to draw up a petition, asking Councils to permit the Library to have the use of the room for a period of five years, under the present conditions. He thought that the Library could have the room for five years it would be able to take care of itself.

Mr. J. Kost seconded Mr. Duff's motion by adding, "that if Councils grant the use of the room to the Library for the five years asked, the Board of Directors of the Library promise to charge only $2 for a yearly membership.

Mr. Leggate stated that a certain gentleman had proposed to him to be one of twenty persons to give $5,000 to lay in a stock of books if Councils would give the Library permission to remain for five years.

The amendment and the original motion adopted unanimously. The chair then appointed Messrs. Duff, Phipps, Harbison, Barrett, Myers, Bausman and Kost as committee, the chair was added to the committee to draw up the petition to Councils.

Mr. McClintock stated that one branch had passed the paper, but the other branch had non-concurred and referred it to the Committee on City Property, to examine what it would cost to put up a wing in the rear of the City Building for the use of the city officers.

The meeting then adjourned.

TERRIBLE DEATH.

A Little Boy Loses His Life—Crushed Between Cars.

Yesterday an accident, distressing in details and which has brought great sorrow in a heretofore happy household, terminated the existence of a little child in Allegheny. The victim was Wilson Edmunson, whose parents reside on Wylie alley, Third ward. He was about six years of age, and had been sent to school in the afternoon; but wandered off to play, and about half past five o'clock in the evening was observed climbing up between two cars of a freight train which had stopped on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad track, between Federal and Sandusky street, Allegheny. Just as he reached the small platform the train gave a jerk, and he was thrown off. As he fell, the cars came together again, and he was caught between the bumpers on the side of the coupling, being crushed and his back broken. The train moved off then, and he fell under the track, none of the cars touching him. As soon as possible he was picked up, and taken into the house of Mr. Reed, close at hand, when Dr. Buchanan, surgeon of the road, was summoned. Medical skill, however, was of no avail, and the little fellow remaining unconscious, expired about seven o'clock.

His remains were removed to the residence of his parents, where Coroner West will hold an inquest to-day.

THE COURTS.

Yesterdays Proceedings.

U. S. COURT—JUDGES STRONG AND M'KENNAN.

The Jury in the case of the assignees of H. C. Benham, deceased, vs. The Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company of New Jersey, came into court yesterday morning and announced that they were unable to agree. They were accordingly discharged.

The case of Abram W. McKell vs. W. L. Whaan was taken up yesterday morning and is still on trial.

DISTRICT COURT—JUDGE KIRKPATRICK.

The case of Pearson vs. Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Manchester Passenger Railway Company, reported before was submitted to the jury yesterday.

S. H. Reynolds vs. J. F. Day action on a promissory note. Verdict in favor of the plaintiff for $109.18.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS—JUDGES STERRETT AND COLLIER.

The first case taken up was that of Fairman & Sampson vs John McAfees—action on a book account. Verdict for plaintiffs for $125.77.

M. Powell & Co., vs. G. W. Hamilton *scire facias* on a mechanics lien. Verdict for defendant.

James Trimick vs. John McCleason—action on a Promissory Note. Verdict in favor of plaintiff for $54.00.

The furniture store of C. A. Boucher, No. 45 **Smithfield street**, is still crowded with customers. **He sells his goods at a small profit and warrants all to be as represented. He keeps everything usually kept in a first class furniture store.**

THE "CYSTAL" ANNIVERSARY.

Fifteen Years of Hymenal Happiness—Mr. and Mrs. James Noble Receive the Congratulations of their Friends—An Hour of Pleasant Memories.

If there are memories in life which should be held ever green, surely that around which clusters the happiness of the hymenial hour should be classed in the bright calendar, and when the years which have swept beneath the flood, number a decade and a half and the happy couple, who yielded to Hymen's gentle power, find themselves surrounded by health and prosperity and friends, the recurring anniversary becomes doubly pleasant and deserves to be fondly remembered.

Such an occasion of happiness was that which was celebrated by our friends, Mr. and Mrs. James Noble at their elegant house on Mount Washington, Thursday evening. Fifteen years ago in the "blithsome month of May," these passed through that mysteriously interesting ceremony which of twain makes one and thus commenced the journey of the years. Fortune showered along their pilgrimage its sweetest smiles and to them all "lines fell in pleasant places." As the years went by, prosperity attended their efforts and the fifteenth—the crystal anniversary of their wedding day—found them surrounded by a happy family, kind friends, and the most favoring auguries for the future. Thus, the recurrence of the hour of pleasant memory became known to their friends, who so once resolved upon a proper commemoration of the occasion, which was very appropriately consummated by a "crystal wedding celebration" of Thursday evening.

The celebrants came from all quarters, but the largest delegation was that which represented the Allegheny friends, who to the number of sixty in private conveyances enjoyed a delightful ride over the hills, and drew up at the house about half-past nine o'clock. By this time the elegant residence—one of the best family suburban mansions, which was brilliantly illuminated—was filled with the company, among whom were many from the "South Side," who, with wise forethought, had brought with them an excellent band of music to cheer and enliven the occasion.

The attendants, after the preliminary congratulations to the worthy couple in order to honor the gathering was held, with considerate kindness assumed charge of affairs, and waiting all guests, proceeded to the supper, the time with hearty zest. When "youth and pleasure meet," as was the case here, there was no lack of the former and the latter was most pleasantly, and so quickly did they go that the call for supper seemed at the instant more an interruption than an addition to the festivities.

The company commenced upon the edibles about one o'clock, but so many were in attendance that all were not accommodated until over half-past two o'clock had passed.

This part of the arrangements was under the care of the hostess herself, who had called to her aid assistance from the choicest social corps, and whose success was best attested by the avidity with which the viands were partaken. The table for the "feast" was of exceeding neatness, and everywhere profusion and taste were apparent—much more than a sight of them could hardly have failed to stimulate an appetite in the most satiated epicure.

After this interesting exercise was completed satisfactorily, there was a brief lull in the merry-making, which was the appointed time of for an inspection of the presents receeived. Of these it would be impossible to enumerate, every conceivable article, from those of glass, or Queensware seemed to have a representative, in the assortment. Among the selection was a magnificent China dinner and toilet set, the gift of the "Allegheny friends," the value of which was rated at a hundred. Silver trinkets, costly and beautiful were in the list, which was a collection remarkable for variety, quality and taste.

The music and dancing were again called into requisition—the assemblage with wisdom avoiding the error of forming a representation of the gifts, and endeavoring to make the occasion one of genuine social cordiality in which they succeeded to a perfect degree. With music, and songs, conversation and the mazy dance, the interesting hours were spent, until the seasonable hour for adjournment came when the festivities were brought to a close through lawful unity and the guests gradually withdrew. Without a single exception the highest appreciation was expressed, and many and sincere were the wishes that the honored host and hostess might have the happiness of commemorating the recurrence of many felicitous hymenial anniversaries. The celebration was one of the those exceedingly happy occasions which live long in the memory, and the remembrance of which is always a continual source of pleasure.

THE DIAMOND MARKET.

What is to be Had There—Where it Comes from and Goes to.

We yesterday afternoon took a stroll through the Diamond Market, and as what is to be had there and what it costs is always a matter of interest to housekeepers, we took the trouble to ascertain the variety, quality and price of the various articles there exposed to sale. New vegetables, of which there is a tolerably fair supply, and, for the season of the year, cheap, principally Southern, from Norfolk, Virginia, and North Carolina, and rule at high rates. The principal and only ripe new fruit is strawberries, for which we are indebted to Virginia and New Jersey, those from the latter State being fresher and in much better condition than the former, and are sold at somewhat higher prices. As yet there have been none in market of home growth. Of other domestic fruits there is as yet but a limited supply and variety, consisting only of apples, cranberries, grapes, gooseberries and currants. The tropics in the fruit line are represented by oranges and pine apples. The former are of excellent size and appearance, the varieties most in demand being lamb and veal, of both of which there is a large supply, and of excellent quality and to be seen in great abundance, and to be had, with the exception of spring chickens, at moderate rates.

The floral department was very fully supplied and the bright and varied hues of the many colored flowers and fuchias, the sweet scents of the roses and geraniums made pleasant what would otherwise have been a rather prosaic trip.

Below we give a list of the vegetables, fruits and flowers to be obtained, with their prices.

VEGETABLES.

New Potatoes 50 cents per half peck; Cabbages 10 to 20 cents per head; Peas (scarce) 40 to 50 cents per half peck; Snap Beans 60 cents per half peck; Asparagus (scarce) 25 cents per bunch; Radishes 8 cents per bunch; Onions and Lettuce 3 to 5 cents per bunch; Cucumbers $1.25 and $1.50 per dozen; Spinach 15 cents per half peck. There are a few sickly looking tomatoes in the market, from Norfolk, which rule at very high prices.

FRUITS.

Strawberries 20 to 35 cents per quart; green gooseberries 20 cents per quart; currants (scarce) 30 to 35 cents per quart; cherries (scarce) 60 cents per half peck; oranges 50 to 75 cents per dozen.

BUTTER, EGGS, POULTRY.

Butter 30 to 45 cents per pound; eggs 20 cts. per dozen; chickens, dressed $1.00 per pair; spring chickens 60 to 75 cts. per pair. There is no other poultry in market.

FLOWERS.

Fuschias, Geraniums and Heliotropes, range from 25 to 50 cts. per dozen according to size. Verbenas and Pansies 75 cents per dozen; Monthly Roses from $3.00 to $6.00 per dozen.

PLANTS.

Cabbage plants 75 cents per 100, Tomato 20 to 25 cents per dozen. For these owing to the cold nights, the demand is but slight.

THE PAN HANDLE ACCIDENT.

The Death of Heninger—The Officers of the Road Censured.

Our readers will remember the accident chronicled a few days since, by which a man named Peter Heninger lost his life at Sheridan Station on the Pan Handle Railroad, by the express train being thrown from the track through the misplacement of a switch.

Yesterday an inquest was held on the remains of the victim. The conductor and engineer of the train testified to the nature of the accident, and Wm. Boil, telegraph operator, testified that he had been attending the switch, but that it was no part of his duty, and he had given it up.

The jury returned the following verdict: "That said Peter Heninger came to his death at Sheridan Station, on the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railroad, on Wednesday morning, May 17th, 1871, while stealing a ride on train No. 6, through express, said train being thrown from the track through the negligence of the operator not having the switch properly adjusted. And we would further censure the officers of said road for not having a proper switchman at such an important point, the operator denying that it was his duty to attend said switch."

Nothing has been ascertained in regard to the friends of the victim of the accident, further than that a letter was found in his possession addressed to "Peter Heninger," which is supposed to be his name. Nothing else but an old silver watch and ten cents in money was found on him. The following is a copy of the letter which was found on him:

"———, May 14th, 1871.

My Dear Brother: I would not advise you to run away, but stand your ground, and if she has you arrested go to jail, and in three months you will be discharged under the insolvent law, and then you will be clear of her. [Signed] JOHN HEININGER.

From this it would appear that the deceased has been in some trouble or other. Coroner West has been written to on the subject, but no acquainting him of the death of his brother that is supposed to be. The remains of Heninger were interred yesterday at the expense of the county in Uniondale Cemetery, Allegheny.

In His Old Place.

The numerous friends of Mr. J. C. Northrop, who for several years past was cashier of the dry goods house of J. W. Barker & Co., 59 Fifth avenue, will be greatly delighted to learn that he has returned to his old place, and may now be found in the establishment of McKee, Murphy & Co., successors to Messrs. Barker & Co. Mr. Northrop is well known to the ladies of these cities as a most polite salesman, of excellent taste and extensive experience in the dry goods business. He has been connected for the past two years, with one of the largest importing houses in the East, but is satisfied that in the establishment of McKee, Murphy & Co. he will have a trade more suited to his taste, and, we may add, commensurate with his capacity as an active and enterprising business man. The greatly increasing patronage extended to McKee, Murphy & Co. has necessitated them to recall most of the employees of their predecessors, who having "learned the ropes" in the house, can conduct the business with greater facility and satisfaction. It seems like the best times during the war to look into so many familiar faces at their old post, and selling such in the quantities of goods. The stock has just been largely replenished, the third time, we believe, for the season. Goods are constantly arriving in large quantities. We advise our readers to call and see their old friends, and we have no doubt they will find something to suit them at the lowest market price.

Real Estate Transfers Filed Since Our Last Report.

James M. Sterling to Thomas Hankley, September 22, 1870; lot No. 53 in plan of Robert Roffironster, Thirteenth ward, with buildings $600

J. S. McGuinniss et ux. to Michael Sullivan, June 17, 1869; lot No. 45 in James Lippincott's plan, Eleventh ward, Pittsburgh $1,000

W. H. B. Sadler to M. Oppenheimer, May 5, 1871; same lot as above $1,000

Washington Beck to Jas. S. Atkinson, May 9, 1871; lots Nos. 9 and 10 in W. G. Brown's plan, borough of Ormsby, with buildings..$2,500

James Verner to Lewis, Oliver & Philips, May 1, 1871; lots Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4, and 28 and 33, in plan of James Verner, Ninth ward, Allegheny City, with buildings $4,500

James McKain et ux. to M. and R. Welsh, May 12, 1871; 50x100 feet on Union street, boro of Mt. Washington $775

Charles S. Dorman to Samuel H. Derman, May 1, 1871; 35x54 feet on Corry street, First ward, Allegheny, with buildings ..... 1,1[illegible]

BREVITIES.

PIC-NIC cards are numerous.

ALLEGHENY is to have public urinals?

THE OPERA HOUSE season closes on the 3d proximo.

ALLEGHENY Parks are crowded these beautiful evenings.

THE young men are appearing on the streets in their summer hats.

THE minstrels close their engagement at the Academy to-day.

THE MINSTRELS are always sure of a good house in Pittsburgh.

KNOCK DOWN arguments are becoming fashionable in the city.

THE SECOND WARD SCHOOL HOUSE is to be painted white. A good idea.

THE Miller Pavement is being rapidly laid on Penn avenue, Lawrenceville.

SOME of the excursionists have not recovered yet from their trip to Washington.

NOTHING now remains of the late Pearl Mill except the stack and the smoke.

JUDGE MCCANDLESS left yesterday on the steamer Junlata for Cincinnati to recruit his health.

A SLIGHT fire occurred yesterday morning at Youngson's confectionery, on Smithfield street. Loss $50.

JAMES MOORE, baggage master on the McDonald Accommodation is a pleasant and obliging gentleman.

AFTER THE close of the Opera House season a holiday engagement by the present company will follow.

JUDGE MCCANDLESS left yesterday on a trip to Cincinnati for the benefit of his health. He is accompanied by his wife.

D. L. FLEMING, Esq., will leave on Monday for a trip to the far west. No one needs, nor deserves a, vacation more than he.

R. & W. JENKINSON, of Allegheny, hung their Indian yesterday. The Indian met his fate with a stoical indifference.

WORKMEN are engaged in taking up the pavement on Old avenue, preparatory to filling up the street and relaying it.

SOME trouble is found in getting a good foundation on parts of Smithfield street for the new buildings now being built.

FIVE CLERGYMEN, three physicians and one lady Academy will be among the number of Knight Templar European excursionists.

WORKMEN are engaged on the Fifteenth ward Public School building, on Thirty-seventh street. It will be three stories high.

REV. MR. FINDLEY, formerly pastor of the Sixth Presbyterian Church, is in the city on a visit to his friends. He never looked better.

YESTERDAY, on Wylie avenue, a heavy wagon struck a light vehicle. The driver of the wagon was startled but no damage was done.

DR. ASA MAHAN, President of the Adrian College, preached last evening to a very large audience at the First Methodist Church, Fifth avenue.

IRON CITY PARK has been engaged by the U. V. Engine Company for the Fourth of July pic-nic for $500 cash. Not much margin left for profit.

WILLIAM W. KERNAN, Esq., of the Greensburg *Republican and Democrat*, was in the city yesterday, looking well. We are indebted to him for courtesies.

JAMES A. KITTELL, Esq., of Ebensburg, is in the city looking after his railway contracts. He ever made welcome by his army of friends in this locality.

MAJOR GENERAL GEORGE W. MEADE, the hero of Gettysburg, will spend several days in this city, visiting our iron mills and work shops, about the first of June.

A LITTLE daughter of Adam Trapp, in the Seventeenth ward, fell down a flight of cellar stairs yesterday. Dr. Clark, by prompt medical treatment, saved the child's life.

The music and dancing were again called into requisition—the assemblage with wisdom avoiding the error of forming a representation of the gifts, and endeavoring to make the occasion one of genuine social cordiality in which they succeeded to a perfect degree. With music, and songs, conversation and the mazy dance, the interesting hours were spent, until the seasonable hour for adjournment came when the festivities were brought to a close through lawful unity and the guests gradually withdrew. Without a single exception the highest appreciation was expressed, and many and sincere were the wishes that the honored host and hostess might have the happiness of commemorating the recurrence of many felicitous hymenial anniversaries. The celebration was one of the those exceedingly happy occasions which live long in the memory, and the remembrance of which is always a continual source of pleasure.

THE DIAMOND MARKET.

What is to be Had There—Where it Comes from and Goes to.

We yesterday afternoon took a stroll through the Diamond Market, and as what is to be had there and what it costs is always a matter of interest to housekeepers, we took the trouble to ascertain the variety, quality and price of the various articles there exposed to sale. New vegetables, of which there is a tolerably fair supply, and, for the season of the year, cheap, principally Southern, from Norfolk, Virginia, and North Carolina, and rule at high rates. The principal and only ripe new fruit is strawberries, for which we are indebted to Virginia and New Jersey, those from the latter State being fresher and in much better condition than the former, and are sold at somewhat higher prices. As yet there have been none in market of home growth. Of other domestic fruits there is as yet but a limited supply and variety, consisting only of apples, cranberries, grapes, gooseberries and currants. The tropics in the fruit line are represented by oranges and pine apples. The former are of excellent size and appearance, the varieties most in demand being lamb and veal, of both of which there is a large supply, and of excellent quality and to be seen in great abundance, and to be had, with the exception of spring chickens, at moderate rates.

The floral department was very fully supplied and the bright and varied hues of the many colored flowers and fuchias, the sweet scents of the roses and geraniums made pleasant what would otherwise have been a rather prosaic trip.

Below we give a list of the vegetables, fruits and flowers to be obtained, with their prices.

VEGETABLES.

New Potatoes 50 cents per half peck; Cabbages 10 to 20 cents per head; Peas (scarce) 40 to 50 cents per half peck; Snap Beans 60 cents per half peck; Asparagus (scarce) 25 cents per bunch; Radishes 8 cents per bunch; Onions and Lettuce 3 to 5 cents per bunch; Cucumbers $1.25 and $1.50 per dozen; Spinach 15 cents per half peck. There are a few sickly looking tomatoes in the market, from Norfolk, which rule at very high prices.

FRUITS.

Strawberries 20 to 35 cents per quart; green gooseberries 20 cents per quart; currants (scarce) 30 to 35 cents per quart; cherries (scarce) 60 cents per half peck; oranges 50 to 75 cents per dozen.

BUTTER, EGGS, POULTRY.

Butter 30 to 45 cents per pound; eggs 20 cts. per dozen; chickens, dressed $1.00 per pair; spring chickens 60 to 75 cts. per pair. There is no other poultry in market.

FLOWERS.

Fuschias, Geraniums and Heliotropes, range from 25 to 50 cts. per dozen according to size. Verbenas and Pansies 75 cents per dozen; Monthly Roses from $3.00 to $6.00 per dozen.

PLANTS.

Cabbage plants 75 cents per 100, Tomato 20 to 25 cents per dozen. For these owing to the cold nights, the demand is but slight.

A SAD STORY.

Recently a short paragraph was published, stating that Florella Linton and disappeared from home and was scarcely entreated by her parents to return. The story connected with the paragraph is a sad one.

Florella Linton is a beautiful girl of about eighteen years of age. Her parents reside in the Sixth ward, and their daughter has been well brought up.

Some time ago Florella went to West Newton on a visit, and while there, made the acquaintance of Jacob Shelby. He seemed an exemplary man, and in a short time a marriage engagement was entered into between the parties.

Florella returned home and soon after Shelby followed her and went into business here. The girl's parents were satisfied of his good character, and about six months ago they were married. They commenced housekeeping in the same neighborhood with the wife's parents.

A letter was carelessly dropped by Shelby about a month ago at his father-in-law's house, which was opened and read the father-in-law suspicious, and he opened and read the letter which had been dropped. It contained allusions to Shelby's children, and stated that they would be sent to Pittsburgh. Mr. Linton spoke to Shelby about the matter, and after some circumlocution, he acknowledged that he had a wife and three children living in Colorado. He promised to leave the city within twenty-four hours with the understanding that if he ever returned he should be prosecuted for bigamy.

In a gentle manner the information was conveyed to the daughter. She seemed almost distracted, and was feared that her reason would leave her. Her parents took her to their home and she had threatened to commit suicide, a strict watch was kept upon her.

Eventually she seemed to resign herself to her great sorrow. About a week ago she went to her former home to bring back some clothing, promising to return in an hour. Since that time no trace of her has been discovered, and her parents fear that she has carried her suicidal threats into execution.

A young man who had been rejected by her has heard the story of her wrong and sorrow and is searching for her. He declares that if she can be found, and will accept him, he will yet marry her.

We can only hope that the search of the friends may be rewarded with success.

The Evils of Trade.

Generally speaking, anything new is regarded unfavorably by the people, yet there are some customs so ill that they call loudly for alteration. A change that we have long been in need of is a reduction in the prices of pianos and organs. The people's taste has reached such a standard that the possession of a good instrument is regarded as almost a necessity. The prices at which pianos and organs now range are beyond the reach of a family of moderate